AUSTRALIAN OATS FOR HORSES.

AUSTRALIAN OATS..... Rs. 9-8-0 per Bag of 120 lbs.
AUSTRALIAN OATS..... Rs. 8-8-0 per cwt
CRUSHED FOOD..... " 4-12-0 "
Also GRAM, BARLEY, COUNTRY OATS, BRAN, &c. Supplied Very Cheap.

THE ROYAL FORAGE STORES,
2, ARGYLE ROAD, CARNAC BRIDGE, BOMBAY.

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 52,468—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY:—MONDAY, JANUARY 27, 1902. PRICE 4 ANNAS.

PUBLISHED MONTHLY.—PRICE 8 ANNAS.
THE INDIAN RAILWAY
TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.
THE BEST AND MOST COMPLETE GUIDE IN INDIA.
Time and Fare Tables of all Indian Railways, Steam Boats and Daks. Places of interest Inland and along the Coast, Postal and Telegraphic information, &c., &c.
COLOURED MAP OF INDIA.
"Bombay Gazette" Press, Fort, Bombay.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

SATURDAY 2 P.M.,

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	1902.
* PENINSULAR	5687	T. Leigh	1st Feb.
M.L. ARABIA	7903	J. L. Parfitt	8th "
* PERSIA	7951	W. A. Wheler	15th "
M.L. PENINSULAR	5687	T. Leigh	22nd "
* CALEDONIA	7558	E. H. Gordon	1st March
M.L. PERSIA	7951	W. A. Wheler	8th "
* EGYPT	7912	G. L. Langbourne	15th "
M. L. CALEDONIA	7558	E. H. Gordon	22nd "
* VICTORIA	6527	E. Crewe	29th "
M.L. EGYPT	7913	G. L. Langborne.	5th April,
ARABIA	7903	J. L. Parfitt	12th "
M.L. VICTORIA	6527	E. Crewe	19th "
* PENINSULAR	5287	T. Leigh	26th "
M.L. ARABIA	7903	J. L. Parfitt	3rd May.
* PERSIA	7951	W. A. Wheler	10th "
M.L. PENINSULAR	5287	T. Leigh	17th "
* CALEDONIA	7558	E. H. Gordon	24th "
M.L. Persia	7951	W. A. Wheler	31st "

The steamers marked M. L. proceed to Marseilles, Plymouth and London, passengers for Brindisi transhipping at Port Said.

The steamers marked * proceed to Aden only, and Passengers tranship there for Brindisi, Marseilles, Plymouth or London.

HEAVY BAGGAGE must be sent to the BALLARD PIER on FRIDAY AFTERNOON the day previous to sailing, and CABIN BAGGAGE before 9 A.M., on SATURDAY. The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage Labelled with Port of Destination.

Tenders leave the Ballard Pier on day of sailing. All Passengers must attend at that place between noon and 12-30 P.M., for medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port, and no one will be allowed on board the Mail Steamer unless so examined and conveyed thence in the Company's steam barges. Special attention is directed to these regulations, which are imperative under the Venice Convention.

Friends of passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AND AUSTRALIA.

The Company's STEAMERS LEAVE BOMBAY FORTNIGHTLY, usually on WEDNESDAYS, taking Passengers for the STRAITS, CHINA and JAPAN, and return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

Cargo Steamers are despatched to China at frequent intervals calling at Ports en route.

F. RITCHIE,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 3rd January, 1902.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

TO TRIESTE DIRECT VIA ADEN, SUEZ AND PORT SAID.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on
IMPERATOR	C. Androvich	4,139	1st February 1902
IMPERATRIX		4,212	1st March 1902,

PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR VENICE	Rs. 660.	Rs. 357-8.	Rs. 165.

BOMBAY TO TRIESTE VIA ADEN, SUEZ AND PORT SAID.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on or about.
S. S. TIROL	.....	2,771	16th March.
S. S. MARQUIS BACQUEHEM	.....	4,409	16th April,
S. S. POSEIDON	.....	3,878	23rd April.

PASSAGE MONEY BY THIS ROUTE.

	Saloon.	Deck.
TO TRIESTE OR VENICE	Rs. 412-8	Rs. 165.

RETURN TICKETS TO TRIESTE AND VENICE.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.
Available for 6 months	Rs. 1,056	Rs. 633-8.
Available for 12 months	" 1,169	" 687-8.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

1st and 2nd Class Single and Return Tickets are issued via Trieste, the St. Gothards, and other Routes.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE MESSAGERIES MARITIMES CO.

The Company are now in a position to issue RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Austrian Lloyd's and the Return Voyage by the Messageries Maritimes Co., at reduced fares.

This arrangement will prove of special advantage to Passengers on three months' privilege leave.

Passengers to VENICE tranship at TRIESTE to another steamer of the Company, which takes about 6 hours to cross the Gulf.

STEAM TO SHANGHAI, VIA SINGAPORE, AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on or about
CARINTHIA	G. Marocchino	2,812	23rd Feb., 1902.

For further particulars, Freight, Passage, &c., apply to

E. SCARPA, Agent.
Sassoon House, 52, Church Gate Street.
Bombay, 18th January, 1902.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA FLORIO AND RUBATTINO UNITED COMPANIES.

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA direct or BRINDISI and VENICE (transhipping at PORT SAID).

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
[illegible]TINO	4,580	G. Capurro	15th Feb., 1902,
[illegible]TTINO	4,580	[illegible]	15th March 1902.

And on the 15th of every subs[illegible]
BOMBAY to VENICE call[illegible]EXANDRIA and BRIN[illegible]

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	
NILO	2840	Dimarco	
V. FLORIO	2840	Dodero	24th Febru[illegible]
NILO	2840	Dimarco	27th March, 1902.
V. FLORIO	2840	Dodero	26th April, 190[illegible]

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE AND BEER.

	Single.	Return Tickets		
	Tickets, 4 months.	6 months.	9 months.	12 months.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1st Class	605	907-8	908	1,028-6 1,100
2nd "	357-3	550	577-8	605 660
3rd "	165	—	—	— —

SPECIAL RATES FOR THE VENICE LINE.

To BRINDISI or VENICE	1st Class Rs. 500
" " "	2nd " " 325

FROM BOMBAY TO GENOA OR VENICE AND BACK.

From and after January 1862 and until further notice this company will issue return Tickets, available for any period within two years, to FIRST CLASS Passengers only, from Bombay to Genoa or Venice and back, at the reduced Rate of 1½ fare, amounting to Rs. 907-8.

Above fares include the Coal primage of ten per cent.
Through and Return Tickets to LONDON on application.
Through tickets to New York in connection at Naples or Genoa with the Company's weekly service.
S. S. BORMIDA, Tons 3,000 from BOMBAY to HONGKONG, calling at Singapore, on the 17th January, 1902.

ITALIAN COLONIAL TRADING Co., Ld.,
C. BOGGIANO, Agent.
Elphinstone Circle, No. 15, Old Mercantile Bank Building

CUMMOO JAFFER SULLEMAN'S BAZAAR.

FOR SALE

ONE ENGLISH-built C. Under-Spring BAROUCHE, by Hooper & Co., of London.

New Rubber-tyred BICYCLE WHEELS, VICTORIA (English-built), SECOND-HAND LANDAUS, VICTORIAS and BROUGHAMS by well-known makers.

CARRIAGE REPAIRS of every description will be executed with prompt attention.

HOUSES FURNISHED with the latest styled neat Furniture.

FURNITURE of the latest designs FOR SALE and HIRE, and also made to order.

Apply to
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GIRGAUM.

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SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED,

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—

FOR KURRACHEE DIRECT.

S. S. "KOLA," 1,192 tons, on FRIDAY, the 31st Jan., at 2 p.m., or later, on arrival of the English Mail.

FOR KATHIAWAR COAST PORTS AND KURRACHEE.

S. S. "DUMRA," 1,695 tons, on TUESDAY, the 28th January, at 10 a.m., calling at Veraval, Mangrole, Porebunder and Cutch Mandvie (weather permitting).

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "PEMBA," 1,536 tons, on THURSDAY, the 30th Jan., at 10 a.m., calling at Kurrachee, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, Fao, Mahomerah, and Bareh, in the foregoing or any order (weather permitting).

FOR MORMUGOA, ZANZIBAR, MOMBASA, IBO, MOZAMBIQUE, BEIRA, AND DELAGOA BAY.

S. S. "PALITANA," 2,998 tons, on or about THURSDAY, the 6th February.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "CULNA," 2,026 tons, on or about TUESDAY, 4th February.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Agents.
Bombay, 25th January, 1902.

KING, KING & Co.,

BANKERS AND EAST INDIA AGENTS, BOMBAY.

PASSAGES engaged, and best available Berths secured, at Lowest Rates obtainable by P. & O., and all other Steamers, FREE OF CHARGE for COMMISSION.

LATEST LIST of SAILINGS, Fares, and full information furnished by return of post, on application.

Special attention paid to the grouping of Passengers travelling 2nd Class by P. & O.

EVERY ASSISTANCE rendered to Passengers on arrival in Bombay. Baggage taken over at the Railway Stations and Shipped.

SPECIAL AGENTS of the Firm meet all Steamers at BRINDISI and MARSEILLES.

PACKAGES of every description received for despatch as CARGO to Messrs. Henry S. King & Co., London; or Messrs. King, Baillie & Co., Liverpool. Freight and Marine Insurance at the Lowest Rates. QUOTATIONS FURNISHED on APPLICATION.

KING, HAMILTON & CO.,
CALCUTTA.
HENRY S. KING & Co., LONDON.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on THURSDAY,
CALEDONIEN	4,232	Blanc	13th Feb., 1902
SALAZIE	4,255	Aubert	13th Mar. 1902.
OCEANIEN	4,259	Schmitz	10th April 1902.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

The Company are now in a position to issue RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the return voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's at Reduced Fares. This arrangement will prove, in some cases, of special advantage to Passengers on three months' privilege leave.

TO COLOMBO, SINGAPORE, JAVA, SAIGON, TONQUIN, CHINA, AND JAPAN.

S. S. "OCEANIEN," 4,259 tons, Captain, Schmitz, to sail on or about 5th Feb., 1902.

For further particulars apply to
C. RUINAT, Agent.
New Oriental Bank Buildings, 37, Esplanade Road. Bom[illegible]

WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &c.

CLUB BLEND WHISKY.

A FIRST CLASS BRAND AT A MODERATE PRICE.

WELL WORTH A TRIAL.

Of all dealers, or of
ALDRIDGE, SALMON & Co. LD., BOMBAY.
SOLE AGENTS.

THE CHEAPEST PEG WHISKY. OTB

Rs. 27 per Dozen.

Only one Trial will satisfy.

SOLE AGENTS:
CROFT, MODY & Co., BOMBAY

Suppliers by the Bottle

DENISON & Co., BOMBAY.

R. SCOTT & CO., M. R. C. V. S.

VETERINARY AND COMMISSION STABLES, GIRGAUM.

CHARGERS, Polo Ponies, Hacks and Carriage Horses selected for Local and Up-country Constituents. Horses Shod on the most approved principles, under Personal Supervision.

Horses broken to single (Rs. 15), and double Harness (Rs. 30), and Saddle (Rs. 15). Raw Walers Charged extra.

	Rs.
Horses standing at Livery, on Commission Sale or for treatment including Syce per mensem	25
Commission on Horses Bought or Sold	17
Examination and Certificate	10
Verbal opinion as to Soundness	5

CRUSHED HORSE FOOD, best in the market. Present Price Rs. 5-8 per CWT. Delivered Free.

Special Mixtures, CRUSHED OATS BRAN, etc. supplied.

TREACHER & CO., LD.,
WHOLESALE DRUG MERCHANTS.
IMPORTERS OF ALL KINDS OF
SURGICAL AND VETERINAY INSTRUMENTS AND APPLIANCES,
DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES,
CHEMICAL AND ELECTRICAL APPARATUS,
AND ALL PATENT AND PROPRIETARY PREPARATIONS.
CONTRACTS UNDERTAKEN WITH
RAILWAYS, HOSPITALS,
AND OTHER LARGE CONSUMERS.
ALL GOODS GUARANTEED TO BE OF THE
BEST QUALITY ONLY.
SPECIAL PRICE LIST ON APPLICATION.
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JOHN ROBERTS & Co., LTD.,
BOMBAY.

HOLD THE LARGEST STOCK OF
ARTISTIC FURNITURE
IN INDIA.

Also a New and Select range of
CRETONNES, TAPESTRIES, SILKS, PRINTED LINENS, &c.
and every other
HOUSEHOLD REQUISITE.

Inspection of
NEW GOODS
INVITED.

The Comprehensive Criminal Digest, 1862—1899.
BY
CHUNILAL HABILAL VAKIL, B.A., LL.B
Subordinate Judge, Dholka; First Class Magistrate Ahmedabad.

THIS Digest contains all the criminal cases decided by the four High Courts and the unchartered High Courts in the Punjab, Oudh, Central Provinces, and Burma, reported in the four series of the Indian Law Reports, Bengal Law Reports, Madras H. C. Reports, Bombay H. C. Reports, N-W. P. High Court Reports, Calcutta Law Reports, Indian Jurist, Weekly Reporter, Haye's Reports, Hyde's Reports, Marshall's Reports, Coryton's Reports, Agra H. C. Reports, Moore's Indian Appeals, Criminal Rulings of the Bombay High Court, Calcutta Weekly Notes, Bombay Law Reporter, Joy Govind Shome's Reports, Bourke's Reports, Burma Select Judgments, Punjab Records, Central Provinces Reports, and Oudh Select cases, together with important cases from 1802 to 1862 decided by the SUDDER FOUZDAREE ADAWLUT and NIZAMUT ADAWLUT. It contains rulings from more than 300 volumes, while the greatest existing digest contains rulings from about 150 volumes only. It contains a complete Index of all cases followed, overruled, or otherwise judicially noticed in these reports.

PRICE Rs. 17 By Post As, 6 extra.
Apply "BOMBAY GAZETTE"

INSURANCES.

Guarantees Against Embezzlement.

INDIAN GUARANTEE ASSOCIATION.

HEAD OFFICE, ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY

Funds in Government Securities only, and remain in India.

THE Association provides Security for the Intromission and Fidelity of Persons in situations of Trust and Responsibility.

For Prospectuses and Proposal Forms apply to
R. PATERSON BROWN,
Secretary.

GRESHAM LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY, LIMITED.

ASSETS EXCEED ..... Rs. 11,51,60,000
ANNUAL INCOME EXCEEDS... Rs. 1,94,80,000

This Old Established Society grants Policies with Capitalised Profits at the following LOW RATES of premiums:—

Policy for Rs. 5,000 payable at Death only.		Policy for Rs. 5,000 payable at Death, 20 limited payments.		Policy for Rs. 5,000 payable at age 55 or Death if it occurs sooner.	
Age next Birthday.	Yearly premium.	Age next Birthday.	Yearly premium.	Age next Birthday.	Yearly premium
	Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.
25	143 1 0	25	197 8 0	25	198 7 0
30	156 6 0	30	209 8 0	30	232 10 0
35	172 11 0	35	224 10 0	35	289 0 0
40	195 9 0	40	242 15 0	40	384 15 0

Rates for other ages and under other systems will be supplied on application.

Intending insurers are invited to apply for the Society's new Prospectus before Assuring elsewhere.

Applications for Agencies from Gentlemen of influence throughout the country will receive every attention.

CHIEF AGENTS:—
CROFT, MODY & CO.,
BANK STREET, BOMBAY.

COUGH! COLD!! ASTHMA!!!

AN UNFAILING REMEDY FOR LUNG AND THROAT DISEASES IS
ST. MARTIN'S
PULMONARY BALSAM.

The curative properties of this palatable Remedy is already well-known.

Per Bottle Ans. 12 and Re. 1-4.

F. S. MADON & Co.,
170, SHAIKH MEMON ST., BOMBAY.

A "CAUDLE" LECTURE.
MR. CAUDLE FORGETS TO BRING IN A FAVOURITE SPECIFIC.

"IT is just like you, Mr. Caudle, you never can remember anything specially wanted. Here I am, suffering as bad as bad can be, with fever, and not a thing in the house. Didn't I beg of you particularly to bring in a bottle of BATLIWALA'S AGUE MIXTURE, or PILLS? Of course I did; and now you say you have forgotten them. You are very sorry, you wanted them yourself. I should think you did, indeed! coming home at 12 o'clock at night, after eating and drinking, goodness knows what, at that precious Club you are so fond of.

"If it had been Miss Prettyman, the minx! who had asked you to bring her a bottle, you would have remembered it fast enough, I'll be bound? You make no secret of admiring her complexion.

"What's that to do with it? A nice thing for a married man to say to his lawful wife, isn't it? Well, she told me she got rid of her fever by three doses of BATLIWALA'S AGUE MIXTURE, and she got back all that pink and white of her's by its use. That is better than paint! Then perhaps you mean to insinuate that I paint! Mr. Caudle, I shan't go to sleep like a dear soul. I have got the fever dreadfully and very likely won't get a wink all night. Not that you care, I might die of insomnia, or anything else, for all you'd trouble. You know well enough the only medicine in fever that is of any use to me is Batliwala's Ague Mixture or Pills. But of course I can't have any, if my life depends on it. You'll go out and knock up the Chemist? You will do nothing of the sort. Mr. Caudle, I won't be beholden to you, or the Chemist either. I'll struggle on till the morning. I will bear my pain in silence. What do you say! Thank Heaven for that! You unfeeling wretch! But of course you never had any sympathy with my sufferings—(Sobs, and gradually drops off murmuring "Batliwala's Ague Mixture and Pills.')"

To avoid a repetition of such a scene at the next night, Mr. Caudle at first thought to telegraph to DR. H. L. BATLIWALA of Dadur for a bottle of Batliwala's Ague Mixture, but remembering that MESSRS. TREACHER & Co., KEMP & Co., PHILIPS & Co., BEYNON & Co., &c., &c. also sell Batliwala's Ague Pills, as well as the Mixture, at Re. 1 per bottle, he went to one of them in person and brought home the bottle. Needless to say that Mrs. Caudle got rid of her fever in a day by its use, and Mr. Caudle slept soundly the next night.

DRESS NECKLACES.
PRETTY DESIGNS IN—
NEW ART PEARL NECKLACES.
NEW ART AMETHYST NECKLACES.
NEW ART TOPAZ NECKLACES.
NEW ART TURQUOISE NECKLACES.
NEW ART RUBY NECKLACES.
NEW ART DIAMOND NECKLACES.
NEW ART NECKLACES in Combinations of Gems.
NECKLACES IN STRINGS of Seed Pearls with Jewelled Clasps.
COLLARETTES OF SEED PEARLS
With Diamond Mounted Bars.

MUFF CHAINS.
A variety of pretty patterns gemmed in Roundels of different coloured Stones.

EARRINGS.
To meet the demand that has now arisen for this form of ornament, we can show a pretty collection of these which are mostly worn small such as
SMALL DIAMOND BOUTONS SWING OR SCREW SET.
SMALL PLAIN GOLD BOUTONS OR EARSTUDS SWING OR SCREW SET.
SMALL STAR SET TREFOILS OF PEARLS SWING OR SCREW SET
SMALL PLAIN GOLD RINGS OR ENAMELLED.
Special Designs of any form of Ornament made to order.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

BAHADUR CIGARS.

PAR EXCELLENCE THE BRAND LEADING.

OF INDIAN CIGARS.

WRITE FOR ILLUSTRATED PRICE LIST AND CATALOGUE.

SOLE MANUFACTURERS AND PROPRIETORS.

McDOWELL AND CO., LD.,
MADRAS. LONDON.

THE ITALIAN STORES.
C. COLONNELLO, SON & CO.,
105 MEDOW STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

GORGONZOLA, PARMESAN AND GRUYERE CHEESE.

Liver Sausages, Frankfort Sausages, Hard Smoked Sausages, Vienna Sausages with Sourcrout, Mortadella Sausages in tins and Milan Sausages in skin.

Sourcrout in Glass Jars and in Tins, Fonds de Artichokes, Champignons, Salsifis, Choux de Bruxelles, Macedoines, Flageolets, Petit Pois Ex-Fin in Tins, etc.

Coarse Grained Ural Caviare, Royans a la Bordelaise, Anchovies (salted loose), and in Bots. in Oil, Smoked Herrings (loose,) Thon Fish, Best Sardines in Oil, etc. German Mixed Pickles.

Chartreuse, Benedictine, Kummel, Maraschino, Peppermint, Absinthe, Kirschenwasser, Anisette, Mandarino, Mastica di Scio, Cremes assortis, etc.

Barbera, Nebiolo, Polcevera, white, Chianti, Moscato Apposito and Sparkling, Capri, Corvo, French and Italian Vermouth, etc.

Macaroni, Vermicelli, Italian Rice, Leutilles, Double and Single White Beans, Italian Grams and Split Peas.

Walnuts, Almonds, Hazelnuts, Malaga Raisins, Naples Figs and Chestnuts.

Attention is drawn to our celebrated GRIGNOLINO CLARET, a thoroughly genuine article. Only Rs. 10 per Dozen Quarts.

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By Special Chartered Trains.

THE MASTODON

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Modern Amusement Enterprises

HARMSTON'S CIRCUS

AND ROYAL MENAGERIE.

Grander, more stupendous, more gorgeous than ever before, it stands supreme, a monument of progress, prosperity, and business integrity, the unequalled, unapproachable

MONARCH OF THE CIRCUS WORLD,

MAGNIFICENT MENAGERIE

OF

PERFORMING ANIMALS.

50 ARTISTES **50**

100 HORSES & PONIES **100**

ARABS, WALERS & IRISH HUNTERS.

Watch for the Opening.

THURSDAY EVENING, JANUARY 30.

(See Daily Papers.)

MRS. HARMSTON-LOVE ... Proprietress.
ROBERT LOVE.....Sole Manager.
COL. CHAS. B. HICKS ....Genl. Representative

THE NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.
(JAPAN MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.)

S.S. "KAGOSHIMA MARU" Captain K. KORI, 4404 tons, WILL SAIL for SINGAPORE, CHINA and JAPAN on 3rd February.

For freight and passage apply to

T. KUSUMOTO,
Manager.

No. 28, Rampart Row, Bombay, 25th January, 1902.

GUY'S HOSPITAL.

PRELIMINARY SCIENTIFIC (M. B. Lond.) Classes are held throughout the year. Special instruction is given for the July Examination. Fee 16 Guineas.

GUY'S HOSPITAL.

ENTRANCE SCHOLARSHIPS in SEPTEMBER, 1902. Five Open Scholarships—three (£150, £60 and £50) in Science and two (£100 and £50) in Arts.

Particulars and Copies of Examination Papers on application to the DEAN, Guy's Hospital, London Bridge, S.E.

AUCTION NOTICE.

TO be SOLD by PUBLIC AUCTION in the Royal Indian Marine Dockyard on MONDAY, the 10th February, 1902, and following days, commencing at 2 P. M., a quantity of old Marine and Naval Stores, consisting of Brass, Copper and Lead (old), Cordage, Blocks, Chain Cable, Drums, Empty Casks, Packing Cases, &c., &c.

The Stores will be ready for inspection of intending purchasers on the 6th idem.

TERMS OF SALE:—A deposit of 25 per cent. is to be immediately paid as the lots are knocked down, and the remainder to be paid and the articles cleared away on or before the fifteenth day after the sale; otherwise the deposits will be forfeited and lots re-sold for the benefit of the State.

For further particulars apply to the Marine Storekeeper.

S. GOODRIDGE,
Director of the Royal Indian Marine.

R. I. M. Dockyard, Bombay, 17th January, 1902.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION

SUIT No. 20 OF 1895

ADAMJEE KARIMBHOY..... Plaintiff

vs.

ABDOOLALLY KARIMBHOY and others .....Defendants

AND

HUSSONALLY ADAMJEE ..... Purchaser.

PURSUANT to the Judge's Order made in the above Suit and bearing date the 31st day of March, 1900, the following immoveable properties will be SOLD by PUBLIC AUCTION by the Commissioner of this Honourable Court at his Office, in the Court House, on MONDAY, the 24th day of February, 1902, at the hour of three o'clock in the afternoon in one lot at the risk and cost of the abovenamed purchaser, Hussonally Adamjee.

PARTICULARS.

FIRST.—All that piece or parcel of land together with a messuage, tenement or dwelling-house, built and standing thereon, situate, lying and being in Peerbhoy Dharamsey Street, in the new town in the Island of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 137 7-9 square yards, be the same, a little, more or less, and assessed by the Collector of Assessment under No. 14, and was formerly assessed under No. 13, and entered in the Collector's Book of Revenue under No. 2365, and is bounded as follows:—That is to say on or towards the East by a Sweeper's Passage and the property of Ramchandra Krishnajee, on the West by the Public Street called Peerbhoy Dharamsey Street, on or towards the North by the property hereinafter secondly described, and on or towards the South by the property of Moosajee Tyabjee and all which said premises are situate in the registration sub-district of Bombay, and are now in the occupation of the Plaintiff and first defendant and their respective tenants.

SECONDLY.—All that piece or parcel of leasehold land or ground with the messuage or dwelling-house standing thereon, and assessed by the Collector of Assessment under Street Nos 23 and 24, and Ward No. 6036, and Assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue under No. 16017, situate and being in Peerbhoy Dharamsey Street in the new town in the Island of Bombay, containing 56 1-3 Square Yards by admeasurement and bounded, as follows:—That is to say on or towards the North by a passage and the house of Valeejee Esmjee, and Adamjee Essaji, on or towards the South by the property hereinbefore firstly described, on or towards the East by the Sweeper's Passage, and on or towards the West by Peerbhoy Dharamsey Street, and all which said premises are situate in the Registration sub-district of Bombay, and are now in the occupation of the Plaintiff and the first Defendant and their respective tenants.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, application should be made at the Office of the said Commissioner or at the Office of Messrs. WADIA & GHANDY, Attorneys for the Plaintiff abovenamed, at No. 11 Sirdars Buildings, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.—Dated this 9th day of January, 1902.

A. K. OLIVER,
Commissioner.

NORTH BRITISH AND MERCANTILE INSURANCE COMPANY.

CHIEF OFFICES:—64, Princes Street, Edinburgh

ESTABLISHED 1809.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL £ 2,750,000 of which £687,500 paid up.

ACCUMULATED LIFE FUNDS EXCEED £ 9,000,000.

ENDOWMENT AND WHOLE TERM POLICIES ISSUED AT MODERATE RATES.

QUINQUENNIAL DIVISION of PROFITS.

AT the LAST DIVISION of PROFITS a BONUS of £ 1-8-0 per cent. was declared. The next Division of Profits will be made as at 31st December, 1905.

For Prospectuses and necessary forms please apply to

MESSRS. KING KING & Co.,
Agents and Secretaries,
NORTH BRITISH & MERCANTILE INSURANCE CO.
Standard Buildings, Bombay.

WANTED all to know that cure in most obstinate cases of HYDROCELE and ASHTHMA guaranteed. Instant relief, perfect and final cure, absolutely harmless. No inconvenience. Thousands cured. Bottle Rs. 5 for each. DIABETES and ACIDITY speedily cured whatever be the state. Never return. Numerous stubborn cases successfully cured. Rs. 3 per bottle of each. PILES of all forms disappear magically by the use of our wonderful specific. No salve nor purge. Prompt and positive. Bottle Rs. 2. FEMALES' FRIEND—a safe and reliable remedy for all female disorders and irregularities. Rs. 3. Correspondence held strictly private. Testimonials and Lists sent free. Apply to P. G. MUKHERJI, MANAGER V. C. Works Ratanganj, Bengal.

BOMBAY GAZETTE BI-WEEKLY edition.—Issued on Wednesday and Saturday, giving all the News and Telegrams up to date. Subscription per Annum, Rs. 12; Half-yearly Rs. 6; Quarterly Rs. 3 to Subscribers in Bombay, Rs. 15 to the Mofussil.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Ladies and Gentlemen.—WE TENDER OUR APOLOGIES to our Patrons for the non-fulfilment of many orders which arrived too late for our last Prize Drawing, therefore we request you to send us your orders this time a little earlier than the 8th of March 1902 to save disappointment.

We remain,
LADIES and GENTLEMEN,
Your most obedient Servants,
C. ARDESHER & Co.

Rs. 5,000

DIVIDED INTO 523 CASH PRIZES.

The manufacturers to further extend the popularity of their specialities in this country will give Rs. 5,000 in cash to the purchasers

OF A

RAILWAY REGULATOR.

Rs. 6-8.

16. Lined open cased Keyless Metal Enamelled Dial beautiful watch:—

WELL WORTH THE MONEY.

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DIAMOND JUBILEE CHAIN, Rs. 2.

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Set of DIAMOND JUBILEE STUDS with Solitaires,

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OR AN

ENGLISH-MAKE TIME-PIECE, Rs. 3-8.

GUARANTEED FOR 5 YEARS.

(We guarantee our Time-pieces to keep in correct working order for 5 years, and during this period we undertake to put right, free of charge all minor accidents, including breakage of main springs, oiling, etc., for which no charge will be made. It is true that there is nothing to compare with these world-renowned Time-pieces.)

PRIZES:—One Prize for Rs. 1,000, One for Rs. 500, One for Rs. 250, Two for Rs. 125 each, Two for Rs. 100 each, Two for Rs. 75 each, Four for Rs. 50, Ten for Rs. 25, One Hundred for Rs. 10, Two Hundred for Rs. 5, Two Hundred for Re. 1.

Prize Tickets will be given FREE OF COST UP TO THE 8TH OF MARCH 1902.

The drawing to be held on the 15th of March, 1902, ON THE

"ART UNION PRINCIPLE"

In the presence of representatives of Local Presses and Public.

All holders of Tickets are cordially invited to be present to witness the bona fide drawing.

N.B.—Out-station orders promptly and carefully attended to on V.-P. P. system.

C. ARDESHER & Co.,
SOLE AGENTS,
Art Jewellers and Watch Manufacturers
Dhurrumtollah Street, CALCUTTA.

BANKS.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.,

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ...£1,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL £500,000
RESERVE FUND £3,75,000

HEAD OFFICE:
37 THREADNEEDLE STREET, LONDON, E. C.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta,	Delhi,	Cawnpore,	Kandy.
Lahore,	Bombay,	Colombo,	Tuticorin.
Amritsar,	Madras,	Mandalay,	Zanzibar.
Kurrachee,	Rangoon,	Newera Elya,	Mombassa.
Steamer Point,	Aden.		

FIXED DEPOSITS.

The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 100,000, but no Interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, and Australia purchased or collected,

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

H. CHALMERS,
Manager.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL... Yens 24,000,000
PAID UP CAPITAL..... " 18,000,000
RESERVE FUND ..... " 8,510,000

HEAD OFFICE:—YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:

Tokio, Kobe, Nagasaki, London, Lyons, New York, San Francisco, Hawaii, Shanghai, Hongkong, and Tientsin, Newchang.

BANKERS—The LONDON JOINT STOCK BANK, The UNION BANK of LONDON, AND THE PARR'S BANK, LIMITED, BOMBAY BRANCH.

LIBERAL INTEREST allowed on CURRENT ACCOUNT and FIXED DEPOSITS, on Terms to be learnt on application.

CREDITS granted on approved Securities and every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

DRAFTS granted on JAPAN, and the Chief Commercial places in the World.

Y. MATSUO,
Manager.

Albert Buildings, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

SALES BY AUCTION.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS,
21, MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY AT BREACH CANDY ROAD, OUT OF FORT.

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE and Co. will, by order of the mortgagee, and on account and at the risk of the mortgagor, Haji Mahomed Haji Osman Radwani, sell by Public Auction on TUESDAY, the 28th instant, on the premises, the undermentioned property at 4 in the afternoon, under the power of sale granted to the mortgagee by an indenture of mortgage dated 23th June, 1901.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground with the messuages, tenements, dwelling-houses and buildings standing thereon, situate, lying and being on the western side of Breach Candy Road, outside the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 425 square yards or thereabouts, assessed by the Collector of Bombay, under old Nos. 397, 397, new Nos. 2092 and 2092, old Survey No. 638, and new Survey No. 7960, and by the Collector of Municipal Assessment under ward Nos. 228, 229 and Street Nos. 684, 686, and bounded as follows: that is to say, on or towards the east by the said Breach Candy Road, on or towards the west by the property of Babaji Gopal, on or towards the north by the property formerly of Vassunji Madhavji and now of one Dias, and on or towards the south by the property of Narayen Yaroji and now of Babaji Cassinath,

Further particulars and conditions of sale may be obtained from Messrs. Thakordas and Co., 65-67, Esplanade Road, attorneys to the mortgagee, or from the Undersigned,

SALE OF IMMOVEABLE PROPERTIES NEAR NORTHBROOKS GARDEN, AND AT TRIMBAK-PARSHRAM STREET, GRANT ROAD, OUT OF FORT.

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co. will, by order of the mortgagee, and an account and at the risk of Kisan Dedh Martin Desai, and others, the heirs and legal representatives of the mortgagor, Desai Ramji an insolvent, and under the power of sale given to the mortgagee by an indenture of mortgage of the 18th March, 1890, and further charge of the 30th June, 1899, and 16th February, 1891, sell by Public Auction on WEDNESDAY, the 29th instant, on the premises, the undermentioned properties at 4 in the afternoon.

The properties will be sold in one or two separate lots as may be determined at the time of sale.

Further particulars and conditions of sale may be obtained from Messrs. Shamrao and Minocher, Attorneys to the mortgagee or from the Undersigned.

PARTICULARS.

All that piece of Foras land or ground, together with the messuage or chawls standing thereon, situate on the southern side of the Northbrooke Garden, Grant Road, out of Fort, Bombay, containing by admeasurement 518 square yards or thereabouts, bearing Collector's old No. 646, new No. 1499, Survey No. 2-5395, assessed by the Municipal Assessor under Nos. 252 and 236, and bounded on the east partly by the property of Bai Gulbai and partly of the late Devji Ramji, and now of another, on the west by a passage in occupation of Deoji Ramjee and Ladak Haji, on the north by Grant Road, and on the south by the property of Parshotum Dharumchand.

Secondly.—All that piece of Foras land together with the messuage or dwelling-house standing thereon, situate at the southern side of Trimbak Parsram Street (near Northbrook Garden, Grant Road, out of Fort, Bombay, containing by admeasurement 171 square yards or thereabouts, registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under old No. 646 new No. 1499, by Municipal Assessor under old No. 2053, Ward No. 2201, and Street No. 140, and bounded on the east by Trimbak Parsram Street, on the west by the property of Haji Ahmed Haji Kasof, on the south by the property of Koomarkhia, and on the north by the property of Devji Damji, and the said above properties are in the possession of the mortgagee.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.,
Bombay, 27th January, 1902. Auctioneers.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVTS.

(Only Advertisements for Clerks, Servants, &c., Houses to Let, and Goods for Sale or Wanted, are accepted in this column.)

RATES,—(Cash only.) Three lines, per insertion, One Rupee, Every additional line, Eight Annas. REPLIES will be sent "BEARING" unless amount to cover Postage is previously paid.

PRESENTATION DRESS FANS.—Excellent Quality and a very Special Collection. In Gauze and Satin, Hand-painted, with and without feathers. White, Cream, Black, Blue and Pink, from Rs. 5 to Rs. 50 each.—MAROKS & Co., LTD., Bombay and Poona.

COMPOUND NERVINE ELIXIR, one of the most powerful Tonics made, contains Coca, Damiana, Phosphorous and Nux Vomica. A sure remedy for Nervous Debility. Price Rs. 2-8 Per. bottle.—THOMSON and TAYLOR, 35, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

WE CAN SUPPLY YOU ONE SINGER'S MACHINE which can turn out Embroidery, Art Work, Hemming, Trimming, Cording, Binding, Quilting, &c., &c., and sew from thinnest cloth up to leather and is the cheapest Machine, looking to the quality.

COTTAGE PIANO FOR SALE, Excellent condition. Owner going Home. Rs. 275. Address, A. L. "Bombay Gazette," Office.

REAL EGYPTIAN CIGARETTES, by DIMITRINO and Co, of Cairo, known for their exquisite flavour and fine aroma from Rs. 2-4 to 4-8 per 100. Fresh consignments by every alternate Mail Steamer. D. MERWAN & Co., Cigar Merchants, 30, Medows Street, Bombay.

BONE MEAL.—BRITISH HOUSE having large connection among MANURE MANUFACTURERS wishes to represent (on commission) firm of BONE MEAL MANUFACTURERS. Large turnover assured. Apply Box "No. 193 J," Advt. Dept, Care of "Bombay Gazette."

WANTED, by an experienced EUROPEAN LADY, SITUATION as Travelling Companion or to teach young Children in a Native Nobleman's family. Apply to "Honour" Box No. 141. Advt. Dept., "The Bombay Gazette."

WANTED, Good JOBBING COMPOSITORS. Apply SUPERINTENDENT, "Bombay Gazette," Press.

TO BE LET.—A large airy Front Room suitable for an Office, in No. 1. Dalal Street, corner of Hummum Street, Apply on premises to W. Crowder & Co., Ld.

TO LET.—MR. JUSTICE CANDY'S HOUSE, Malabar Hill, from 1st April next. Apply to HORMASJI SORABJI & SONS. 5—12 Queen's Road.

TO BE LET.—For the cold weather season, "ROZARIO COTTAGE," a furnished BUNGALOW, at Matheran. Also TO LET, a BUNGALOW at Malabar Hill, Narayen Daboiker Road, near the Sea Shore, Apply to JAFERBHAI MOOKHI CASSAMBHAI, Manager, H. H. the AGA KHAN'S Estate, Oomer Kari, Jail Road, Bombay.

RUSTY CYCLE PARTS: Have them Nickle-plated by

THE BOMBAY ELECTRIC COMPANY, 9, Meadow Street, Bombay. Silver and other Electro-plating and Bronzing undertaken.

HOLDALLS SPECIAL.—GREEN WATER-PROOF CANVAS HOLDALLS, specially made for conveyance by Mule Transport for Officers proceeding to the Front; or for Camp Use. In two sizes. Very large 7 ft. 6 in. long by 3 ft. wide, Rs. 24, and large size 6 ft. 6 in. long by 2ft. wide, Rs. 22-8.—SUTOR & Co (Retail Agents). THE WESTERN INDIA ARMY BOOT & EQUIPMENT FACTORY, Hornby Road. (Opposite John Roberts & Co.), Bombay.

THE PINCHINGEST PLACE.—In BOOTS and SHOES is usually the price; this Pinch is unknown at S. & Co's, where upwards of 5000 Pairs of BOOTS and SHOES are now on view to select from. SUTOR & Co. (Retail Agents) THE WESTERN INDIA ARMY BOOT and EQUIPMENT FACTORY. Hornby Road, (opposite John Roberts and Co.) Bombay.

E. DUCKETT and Co., of East Street, Poona, the Principal Monumental Sculptors of the Deccan are prepared to submit estimates for Monuments and Mural tablets of all descriptions and designs. They forward splendid Photographic Catalogues to choose from, and being practical masons themselves, guarantee work to be executed in the best style. Monuments, costing from Rs. 15 to Rs. 1,500 have been executed, satisfactorily. Their latest work, was the "erection" of a most imposing Figure to the late Hon. Mr. J. Nugent, C.S.I., I. C. S.—PRICES LOW AND WORK GOOD.

MANGALORE TILES of Morgan & Son Alvares & Co, and other Manufacturers, For rates, &c., Apply STEFFENAUER & Co., 4, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

MESSRS. OLIVER & Co.—Only Respectable and Trustworthy Servants, Clerks, Peons, &c., and Nurses, &c., of all denominations supplied. The original and only firm that supplies thoroughly efficient and reliable High Class Domestic Servants. Patronized by the Officers of the Services (Army and Navy), as well as the Leading Clubs and Hotels. Especially First Class Goanese and Mahomedan Servants, for whom we guarantee and hold ourselves responsible. Highest reference given if required. Fee Rs. 2 each servant. No. 4, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay. N. B.—Beware of the so-called Registry Offices who work by assumed names.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE DESCRIPTIVE SHEET ALMANACK FOR 1902.—Only a few Copies available, Got up in a neat and an attractive style in colours on superior paper. Contains in brief valuable and useful information regarding H. E. the Governor's Personal Staff and Additional Members in Council, Gazetted Public Holidays and various departments of the Bombay Municipality, the Bombay Port Trust, the B. B. & C. I. Ry., the G. I. P. Ry., Bombay Post Office, the Stamp Schedule, &c. Price per copy ANNAS FOUR only. Apply at the "Bombay Gazette" Office, Esplanade Road.

BOOK-KEEPING, Higher Accountancy and Commercial Subjects for Government P. W. D. and exams. of English Boards, Moderate Charges, by S. R. DAVAR, F. S. S., Accountant from London, 9, Elphinstone Circle.

FORMS OF POWER OF ATTORNEY, Neatly printed, Price 8 Annas, Can be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

FURNITURE.—Messrs. AHMED DEWJI and BROTHERS respectfully invite the Public to inspect their SHOW-ROOM in Chukla Street.

OVERLAND SUMMARY, PUBLISHED Weekly on the Departure of English Mail, 28 pages of the "Pall Mall Budget" size, containing all the information of the previous week, carefully arranged. Army Orders, &c. Indian Subscription Rs. 12 per year, free of Postage. English Subscription, Rs. 15 per year including Postage.

DEVOE'S IMPERIAL BRILLIANT OIL.—A FINE GRADE OF AMERICAN KEROSINE OIL, 150° Fire Test. Imported by STANDARD OIL Co. of New York. Sold at their Godown, Mazagaon, at Rs. 3-8-2 per case.

GENUINE AMERICAN SNOW FLAKE OIL, 150° sold by STANDARD OIL Co., of New York, at their Godowns, at Mazagon, and by Messrs. Kemp and Co., Ld., Messrs. Phillips and Co., Ld., and Messrs. Carrimbhai Hirji, at Rs. 5-3-6 per case, at Bombay; and by Mr. J. C. Bhut, at Rs. 5-7-2 per case, at Bandora.

WE will SEND STAMPED PICTURE-POST-CARDS to any one who sends us gratis old Postage Stamps of every value for a CHILDREN'S HOSPITAL. Our best thanks in anticipation. DOCTOR EMILIE Von MAYERSBACH, PRESIDENT, VOLOSCA, ISTRIA, AUSTRIA.

VISITING CARDS, Door Plates, Peon Badges, Crests, &c., &c., engraved on Brass in the best English Style. Compare workmanship and price. MASANI & Co., General Engravers and Printers, 43, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.

A GOOD PHOTOGRAPH is a Lasting Joy. An Indifferent Photograph for the sake of Cheapness is FALSE ECONOMY. For a Really GOOD LIKENESS go to RAJA DEEN DAYAL & SONS.

TO STAMP COLLECTORS.—OLD ENGLISH STAMPS of various kinds, either in lot or separately. Fivepenny, Sixpenny, Eightpenny, Ninepenny, One shilling. What offers? Apply "STAMPS," care of this paper.

CORN AND WART DESTROYER.—A safe, rapid and painless solvent for Corns and Warts. This is a chemical combination of Xyloidine and Salicylic Acid with extract of Indian Hemp. In bottles, Ans. 12 each. Prepared only by THOMSON and TAYLOR, 35, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

TO LIBRARIES.—NOVELS of the latest Colonial Libraries' Series, slightly soiled, to be SOLD at 8 annas each. Apply "C," care of "Bombay Gazette."

WILL FORMS of DIFFERENT KINDS Price 8 Annas. Can be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Office

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THE INDIAN RAILWAY GUIDE.—An Indispensable Book for Travellers in India and the East. Contains the Special Time and Fare Tables of all the Indian Railway Companies, the Steamer Routes to India and the Persian Gulf, and other useful information. Price 8 Annas. Coloured Map of India revised from Official Sources. To be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Office and at all Booksellers and Railway Terminii.

PURE MILK COMBINED WITH WHEAT AND BARLEY MALT.

Full Nourishment, partly predigested. Sterilized.

Horlick's Malted Milk

THE BEST FOOD FOR INFANTS AND INVALIDS IN ALL CLIMATES.

IN POWDER FORM. KEEPS INDEFINITELY.

LARGEST SALE IN THE WORLD.

OF ALL CHEMISTS AND STORES.

NOTICES.

BOMBAY ART SOCIETY.

EXHIBITION of Fine Arts, Gold, Silver Work and Jewellery, House Decoration and Designs at the Sir J J SCHOOL of ARTS, BOMBAY.

THE EXHIBITION IS NOW LIGHTED DURING THE EVENING AND WILL BE OPEN FROM 8 A.M. to 8 P.M.

Admission 8 Annas.
Children 4 Annas.

BOMBAY HORSE AND DOG SHOW.

THE above SHOW will be held on the 10th and 12th FEBRUARY next, instead of the 6th and 7th proximo, as advertised.

FIRST ENTRIES CLOSE on 27th instant.
SECOND ENTRIES CLOSE on 31st instant.

Prospectuses and all information can be obtained from the Undersigned.

W. P. KOE, Lieut, R. N.,
COLIN M. ROSS,
Jt. Hony. Secy. & Treas.
"The Old Secretariat," Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.

WANTED.

A COMPETENT EXECUTIVE ENGINEER to take charge of the work of carrying out the drainage scheme for the Town of Ahmedabad. Pay Rs. 800 per month. Appointment likely to continue for about 2½ years. Apply sending copies of testimonials to the

ON. MR. J. TATE, M. Inst. C. E.,
Chief Engineer and Secretary to Government,
Public Works Department.

EDUCATION IN THE HILLS.

PANCHGANI HIGH SCHOOL will REOPEN, D. V., on FEB. 6th.

THOROUGH EDUCATION AND EXCELLENT CLIMATE. For particulars for Boys apply to

THE REV. J. REDMAN,
Chaplain, Panchgani.

FOR GIRLS apply to

MISS KIMMINS,
The Knowle, Panchgani.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Undersigned has purchased the Goodwill and Assets of the business of Cutlery and Hardware lately carried on by the late HAJI GANI ALLANA under the style and firm of HAJI GANNI ALLANA at No. 194 Bangri Bazar outside the Fort of Bombay, from Moosa Haji Gani, Abdul Rehman Haji Gani, Joosub Haji Gani and Julakhbai, the heirs of the said Haji Gani Allana and is now the sole and absolute owner of the said firm of Haji Gani Allana. All persons having any business dealings with and owing any money to the said firm are requested to communicate with and pay such de ts to the undersigned. And all persons having any claims against the said firm of Haji Gani Allana are requested to make the same known in writing to the undersigned on or before the 31st Instant, otherwise such claims will not be considered valid.

If any person hereafter deals with any one except the undersigned in the name of Haji Gani Allana he will do so at his risk. Dated this 20th day of January, 1902.

સઇ હુસેન અલાના દા૦ પોતે.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Undersigned, the heirs and legal representatives of the late HAJI GANI ALLANA, have SOLD and TRANSFERRED to Mr. HOOSEIN ALLANA the Good will and assets of the business of the firm of HAJI GANI ALLANA in Cutlery and Hardware carried on at No. 194, Bangri Bazar, outside the Fort of Bombay. All persons are therefore requested to pay the sums due to the said firm of Haji Gani Allana and to communicate with him in connection with the business of the said firm of Haji Gani Allana.—Dated this 20th day of January, 1902.

સહી મુશા હાજી ગનીની શઈ દા૦ પોતે.
સહી અબદુલ રેમાન હાજી ગની દા૦ પોતે.
ઓ બાઇ જુલેખાબાઇની નીશાની
તથા જીશખ હાજી ગનીની વાલી તરીકે.

BANKS.

THE COMMERCIAL BANK OF INDIA LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE:—CALCUTTA.

BRANCHES:—BOMBAY, KARACHI, LAHORE LONDON, MADRAS, RANGOON AND RAWAL PINDEE.

SUB-BRANCHES:—MURREE, (April to October) and AMRITSAR.

CAPITAL PAID UP—Rs. 43,90,800.

RATES OF INTEREST allowed are as under—

FIXED DEPOSITS:—

9 to 12 months, 5 per cent. per annum.
2 years at 5½ per cent. per annum.

The Bank will also at the Head Office or at any of the Branches in India, transfer sums for DEPOSIT in London, carrying Interest from date of transfer in India.

Special Rates are given for SHORT PERIOD DEPOSITS, which may be learnt on application.

Sums as small as Rs. 10 are received into the Bank's PRUDENTIAL FUND, bearing half-yearly compound Interest at 5 per cent. per annum.

Cheques Bills, Hoondees on Stations where the Bank has Branches, and Currency Notes of any Circle are collected and credited free of charge in the above INTEREST DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

STERLING DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS for home remittances 4 per cent. per annum.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS receive 2 per cent. per annum upon the daily balances.

Apply for RULES to HEAD OFFICE or BRANCHES.

By Order of the Board,
W. MOIR,
Manager.

Oriental Buildings, Bombay, 22nd November, 1900.

BANK OF CALCUTTA, LIMITED.

CAPITAL.

Subscribed.....Rs. 15,00,000
Reserve Fund ..... " 13,00,000
Uncalled Capital ..... " 5,00,000

DIRECTORS.

MR. D. YULE, Messrs. Andrew Yule & Co.
" R. J. D. THOMAS, Messrs. J. Thomas & Co.
" N. A. McLEOD, Messrs. McLeod & Co.
" D. KING.

CREDITS granted on approved Security and every description of banking business transacted.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and 2 per cent. per annum allowed on the daily balance.

FIXED DEPOSITS received at the following rates of interest:—

	per cent. Per Annum
For 2 Years	5½
" 1 Year	5
" 6 Months	4½
" 3 Months	4

The Bank offers special facilities and advice to Constituents as to the purchase and sale of all Indian Securities, particularly the Shares and Debenture Stocks of Jute, Cotton, Tea, and Miscellaneous Industrial Concerns.

The Bank is prepared to guarantee the principle and interest of Debentures on its approved list on terms which may be ascertained on application. Absentee shareholders and investors' interests carefully watched.

Orders executed on the London Stock Exchange through London Branch.

For further information apply to—

D. KING,
Agent.

Calcutta, 16th July 1901.

LONDON BRANCH:
19, GREAT WINCHESTER STREET, E.C.

BANKS.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital.....$ 100,00,000
Sterling Reserve Fund .....$ 100,00,000
Silver Reserve Fund .....$ 37,50,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors .....$ 100,00,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG:

SIR THOMAS JACKSON, *Chief Manager.*

London Bankers.—LONDON AND COUNTY BANKING COMPANY, LD.,

LONDON COMMITTEE:

WM. ANASTASIUS JONES, Esq., (Director of the London and County Banking Co., Limited.)
CARL MEYER, Esq., (Director, National Bank, Egypt).
WM. GAIR RATHBONE, Esq., (Director, Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Co.
SIR EWEN CAMERON, K.C.M.G., } Managers.
JOHN WALTER

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES,

LONDON, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI.

AMOY,	HANKOW,	PENANG,
BANGKOK,	HIOGO,	RANGOON,
BATAVIA,	ILOILO,	SAIGON,
BOMBAY,	LYONS,	SANFRANCISCO,
CALCUTTA	MANILA,	SINGAPORE,
COLOMBO,	NAGASAKI,	SOURABAYA,
FOOCHOW,	NEW YORK,	TIENTSIN,
HAMBURG,	PEKING,	YOKOHAMA

BOMBAY AGENCY.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 1 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances if not under Rs. 1,000, and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000; but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Are received for 12 months at 4 per cent per annum and for shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Credits granted on approved Securities, and every Description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

W. B. THOMSON,
Agent.

7, Church Gate Street, Bombay.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL.....£1,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL £1,125,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL.....£562,5000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS.....£562,500

HEAD OFFICE:
40, Threadneedle Street, London, E. C

LONDON BANKERS:
The Bank of England,
The London Joint Stock Bank

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:

BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, MADRAS, KURRACHEE, COLOMBO, KANDY, GALLE, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG and SHANGHAI.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and Branches, and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the daily balance if not under Rs 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000. Sums over Rs 1,00,000 will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Rates for Fixed deposits for 12 months and shorter period to be ascertained on application.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks and Shares, and receives same for safe custody, realising interest and dividends when due

JAMES MURDOCH,
Manager.

2, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

SAVINGS BANK.

THE BANK receives DEPOSITS on the following terms:—

Sums not exceeding Rs. 1,000 in the aggregate may be deposited within any one year from 1st January to 31st December.

Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons and the balance made payable to one or more of them or to the survivor or survivors

Interest is allowed at the rate of THREE PER CENT. per annum on the minimum monthly balance not exceeding Rs. 5,000.

Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application at the Bank.

J. BEGBIE,
Secretary and Treasurer.

GLARE GLASSES.

WITH the disappearance of the Monsoons and the prospects in the future of Hot and Sunny Days, we beg to remind all, whose Eyes are affected by the glare of the sun, of the necessity of using SUN SPECTACLES. Our neutral tinted Glass stirrup-shaped Spectacle give the greatest comfort in use. They can be obtained in shades of light medium and dark. The lenses are of the best make, absolutely free from air bubbles and water marks, so common in the cheap Spectacle.

Steel, Rs. 6. Nickel, Rs. 10.
Gold, Rs. 75.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

THE
BOMBAY GAZETTE.

The rates of Subscription to the *Bombay Gazette* are as follows —

TO SUBSCRIBERS IN BOMBAY.—*Delivered free.*

In Advance.		*In Arrears.*	
Per Annum	Rs. 48	Per Annum	Rs. 55
Half-yearly	" 25	Half-yearly	" 30
Quarterly	" 13	Quarterly	" 15
Monthly	" 5	Monthly	" 5

TO SUBSCRIBERS—UP-COUNTRY.

In Advance.		*In Arrears.*	
Per Annum	Rs. 52	Per Annum	Rs. 60
Half-yearly	" 29	Half-yearly	" 32
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Monthly	" 6	Monthly	" 6-8

These Up-Country Rates Include Postage.

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Price for Back Numbers varies, according to lapse of time between As. 8 and Rs. 2.

TERMS FOR ADVERTISEMENTS:—

Ten Lines and under—

First insertion	Rs. 5
Second do.	" 2-8
Third do.	" 2-0
Fourth and succeeding insertions	As. 2 per line, but no Advertisement counted as less than 3 lines.

All advertisements are charged according to the space occupied, Nonpareil, or smallest type, 12 lines of which make an inch.

FOR SALE, WANTED, &c.

RATES.—First Three Insert

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,
No. 7, MARINE STREET.

SALE OF 11 CASES FANCY KNOTTED CHECKS, COTTON DRESS GOODS, PRINTED MUSLINS, AND WHITE COTTON DORIAS.

In pursuance of a decree made by the High Court of Bombay in suit No. 691 of 1901, Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms, THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 27th instant, at 3 p. m. on account and at the risk of Ranchordas Soorjee, the following goods, viz:—

L060—1-2 of cases each 40 pieces fancy knotted checks, 26 in. by 10 yards.

L061—1-2 cases each 40 pieces fancy knotted checks, 36 in. by 40 yards.

H119 D. B. L. C.—376-77—2 cases each 50 pieces fancy cotton dress goods, 27in. by 10 yards.

L054—3-4 cases each 90 pieces fancy printed muslins, 30in. by 45 yards.

H257 D. B. L. C.—319-21—3 cases each 200 pieces white cotton dorias, 48in. by 12 yards.

SALE OF 10 BALES GREY SHIRTINGS.

THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 27th inst., at 3 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms, by order of the concerned and on account and at the risk of Lalljee Pragjee of Mootjee Jaitha Market.

Ex, s.s. Clan Macleod.

F. S. Co. 5-11-20—10 bales grey shirtings, 36" by 38 yds.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

WEEKLY AUCTION SALE.

THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 27th instant, at 3p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms, a quantity of grey, white and coloured piece-goods and the following :—

The property of a Parsee gentleman consisting of cupboards, dressing and writing tables, marble top teapoys, bedstead, pictures, hanging lamps, clock, &c.

1 Gold hunting watch by James McCabe Royal Exchange London.

1 Chubb's fire proof safe 26 by 24 by 23 inches on stand.

5,000 white tiles, suitable for contractors.

1 very large size English cooking stove suitable for hotel.

24 best plated waiters, 18, 20, 22, 24, and 26 in.

12 dozen twill silk umbrellas, Nos. 1, 2, and 3.

The property of H. J. R. Hemming, Esq.

1 sweet-toned Mahogany Grand Piano by Soundy.

The property of Dr. Manekjee Sapojee Lalwani.

A large lot of stoppered glass medicine bottles and medicine pots. A good opportunity for medical gentlemen.

On account of the concerned :—

41 Y T C 7513—14—2 cases each 15 pieces plush, ex s. s. Johannesberg.

" 7497—3—2 " " 15 " " ex s. s. Egypt.

By order of the Administrator-General, the effects of the late Gorji Amrit Khoshal Jawant Khoshal consisting of copper and brass pots, pictures, cup-boards, writing-box, bedstead, vase lamps, looking glass, etc.

AT 2 P. M.

Several ladies' and gents' bicycles by different makers.

1 hands me vis-a vis.

1 secondhand victoria.

1 strong-built office shigram.

1 glass-fronted double seated brougham.

1 Pedigree Irish terrier slut about 9 months old.

And any other carriages and horses which may be offered.

On WEDNESDAY, the 29th inst, at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Apollo Street, Fort, opposite the Share Bazar, below the office of Messrs. Gordon and Co., the following consisting of railway rugs, blankets, overcoats, dinner and breakfast sets, soda pint and half pint tumblers and glasses, cups and saucers, watches, bone, terra cotta and majolica ware telescopic lamps, Austrian new safes of sizes, screens, &c.

The above is on view.

On FRIDAY, the 31st inst, at 1 p.m, Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at the Ezra House, Merewether Road, Apollo Bunder, the valuable and handsome French-polished blackwood and teakwood household furniture of the latest design, best plateware, crockery and glassware, fancy table ornaments, windproof lamps, pictures, Brussels carpets, etc., the property of W. D. GRAHAM, Esq, resident Secretary of the London and Lancashire Fire Insurance Co.

The property will be on view 3 days before the sale.

On SUNDAY, the 9th proximo, at 1 p.m., Messrs CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by PUBLIC AUCTION at No. 2, G. I. P. R. Residential quarters, Sonari Bagh Road, Parel, the valuable and handsome French-polished teakwood and blackwood household furniture, plateware, cro kery and glassware, fancy table ornaments, windproof lamps, pictures, sweet toned cottage piano, Brussels carpets, etc., the property of W. CHITTON, Esq.

The property will be on view three days before the sale.

BONAFIDE SALE.

On THURSDAY, the 30th inst. at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction in tents No 1 Plot, Wellington Lines, opposite the Wellington Fountain, Apollo Bunder Road, the valuable and handsome French-polished teakwood and blackwood household furniture ; such as sitting and double door almirahs, cat nets, chiffoneers, wall cabinets, sideboards, tables, sofas and easy chairs, glassware, crockery ware, plateware, lamps, large lot of copper utensils, double door large size safe on stand, double pole tents etc., the property of a gentleman.

The property will be on view 2 days before the sale.

CRAWFORD & CO,

Bombay, 27th January, 1902.

BENNETT AND COMPANY,
No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE JEWELLERY.

Under instructions from the executrix of the late Bai Mehersai Ardeseer Wadia, Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will, on SATURDAY, the 1st proximo, sell by Public Auction at their Rooms, the Jewellery belonging to the estate consisting of diamond set clasps, earrings, bangles, emerald, diamond and ruby rings, brilliant and diamonds necklaces, ruby necklace, brilliant and emerald bracelet, brilliant bangles, large and small emerald earrings, pearl necklaces, brilliant earrings, diamond bangles, repeater gold watches by McCabe and others, repeater gold watches set with diamonds, gold bracelets and necklaces, gold guard and neck chains, &c.

The jewellery will be on view three days before the sale.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE VACANT PIECE OF LAND AT PAREL.

By order of the first mortgagee and on account at the risk of the mortgagor Mr Manekji Edulji Contractor and under the power of sale granted by the Indenture of Mortgage dated the 5th day of August 1898 made between the said Manekji Edulji Contractor of the one part and the said mortgagor of the other part the undermentioned properties will be put up for sale by Public Auction by Messrs. BENNETT and Co. on the premises in one lot on WEDNESDAY, the 12th day of February 1902, at 4-30 p.m.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the undersigned at their office or to Messrs Pestonjee Rustom and Kola, Solicitors for the mortgagee, at No. 79, Meadows Street, Fort.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of vacant land containing by admeasurement 11950 square yards or thereabouts and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old Nos. 604,612,40 and 4-4, New No. a-12907 a-11916 and a-12544 and New Survey Nos. 1-2620 and 1-2622 situate at Elphinstone Road, Parel, in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay and all which premises are bounded on or towards the East by the property of Narotamdas Hurjeevandas, on or towards the West and South by the property formerly [illegible] Abba but now of Ladkhiba], and on or towards the North by the property of Dwarkoo Jaitoo, and were formerly in the occupation of the said mortgagor and are now in the occupation of the said mortgagee and are delineated on the plan hereunder written or thereon and thereon surrounded with a red colour boundary line and marked with the letter A.

SECONDLY.—All that piece or parcel of vacant land containing by admeasurement 245 s. yards or thereabouts according to the Collector's Records and 204 square yards or thereabouts according to the actual measurement and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old Nos 567 and 568, New No D-12568 and New Survey Nos 6-2624 and 14-2625 and situate at Elphinstone Road, Parel, in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay and all which premises are bounded on or towards the East by the property of Narotamdas Hurjeevandas, on or towards the West by the Great Indian Peninsula Railway Line, on or towards the North by public passage, and on or towards the South also by the Great Indian Peninsula Railway Lines, and were formerly and are now in the occupation of the said mortgagor and are delineated on the said plan hereunder written or thereon and thereon surrounded with a red colour boundary line and marked with the letter B.

THIRDLY.—All that pieces or parcel of vacant land containing by admeasurement 1798 square yards or thereabouts and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old Nos 567, 567 and 586, New Nos C-12590 and a 1588 New Survey Nos 4-2624 and 1-2624 and situate at Elphinstone Road Parel in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay and all which premises are bounded on or towards the East partly by the property of Lakhibai and partly by the property of Dwarko Jaitoo, on or towards the West by the property of Gopal Maya Thacker, on or towards the North by Government ground and on or towards the South partly by the public passage and partly by the property of Narotamdas Narrotamdas and were formerly and are now in the occupation of the said mortgagor and are delineated on the said plan and thereon surrounded with a red color boundary line and marked with the letter C.

FOURTHLY.—All that piece or parcel of vacant and containing by admeasurement 980 square yards or thereabouts and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No 352, New No H-12297, New Survey No. 11-2625 and situate at Elphinstone Road, Parel, in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay and all which premises are bounded on or towards the east by the property of Narotamdas Hurjivandas, on or towards the West by the property of Runsordas Narotamdas, on or towards the North by the said Elphinstone Road, and on or towards South by the Government ground and were formerly and are now in the occupation of the said mortgagor and are delineated on the said plan thereon surrounded with a red colour boundary line and marked with the letter D.

BENNETT & Co.

Bombay, 27th January, 1902.

NEWSPAPER SUPPLY AGENCY,
15, BANK STREET,
THIS AGENCY SUPPLIES THE
BOMBAY DAILY PAPERS
FOR PERUSAL IN THE
MORNING AND NOON
AT MODERATE MONTHLY SUBSCRIPTION,
ALSO
HOME-PAPERS AND MAGAZINES.
Mofussil Residents are also supplied with Papers
FOR TERMS APPLY TO
VINCENT AND COMPANY.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

LONDON, JAN. 24.

2 3-4 per cent. Consols ..... 94 = — 1-16
3 per cent. Rentes ..... £100 1-2 = plus 1-4
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan ..... £103 = do.
3½ per cent. Govt. Securities ..... 254 3-8 = plus 1-8
Bar Silver in London ..... 25 1-2 = — 1-16
Do. New York ..... 55 1-8 = plus 1-4
Exchange on London at Paris ..... 25 12 1-2 = plus 1-2
Do. New York ..... 4 87 = plus 1-4
Discount, Bank of England, 3 1-2 per cent, =
" Short London Bills 3 " = plus 1-8
" Indian Bank Bills 3 " = plus 1-8
Extra allotments
Bills on
Bombay ..... Rs. 10,000 at 1s. 4 1-16d.
Transfers on Calcutta ..... " 100,000 at 1s. 4 1-8d.
Silver to Bombay ..... £ 120,000
Gold to Bombay ..... £ 30,000

Liverpool Cotton Market closed steady. Surats quiet. Manchester was firm. Total sales 8,000 bales. Sold on speculation and for Export 500 bales. Surats oil. Imports 19,000 bales. Spot 4 16-32 plus 2-32. Arrivals closed steady.

Jan.	Jan.-Feb.	Mar.-Apl.	June-July.	Sept.-Oct.
4·24	4·28	4·27	4·27	4·15
+3	+3	+3	+ 2	+3

In New York—
Receipts at the Port ..... 39,000 bales.
Do. last year ..... 27,000 "
Exports to Great Britain ..... 3,000 "
Do. to Continent ..... 3,000 "
Mid-Uplands 8 5-16
Futures, month of April ..... 8·14 plus 2
Do. do. July ..... 8·19 plus 2

Rapeseed Yellow Cawnpore 41, Jan.-Feb. sellers, dull.

Linseed 50 7-8, April-May, business done firm.

Arrivals—Mikado, Kenmore, and Asia.

LIVERPOOL WEEKLY COTTON REPORT.

	Bales.
Total week's sales	49,000
" Sold on spec.	Nil
" for exportation	1,000
" Amount forwarded to consumers	97,000
" Actual exports	13,000
" Week's imports	207,000
" Stock	997,000
Surats week's sales	200
" Sold on spec.	Nil
" " for exportation	Nil
" Amount forwarded to consumers	600
" Actual exports	Nil
" Week's imports	1,000
" Stock	3,000
Afloat American	250,000
" Indian	2,000
Week's receipts of Cotton at U. S. Ports	203,000
" Exports to Great Britain	67,000
" " Continent	88,000
Stock of Cotton at U. S. Ports	970,000
Do. at Interior Ports	640,000

Arrivals of Cotton, Wheat and Seeds into Bombay, during the 48 hours ending at 6 p.m., on Friday, the 24th January, 1902 :—

Cotton	19,043 bales.
Wheat	2,707 cwts.
Linseed	276 "
Rapeseed	1,565 "
Gingellyseed	10,820 "
Poppyseed	2 "
Ground nuts	2,133 "
Castorseed	8,097 "
Rice	1,379 "
Myrabolams	3,352 "
Cottonseed	9,390 "

Imports of Treasure ex s. s. "Arabia" from London.

Gold Bullion	76,800
Silver Bullion	3,083,176

BOMBAY, SATURDAY, JAN. 25.

EXCHANGE—There is a firmer tone in this market to-day, with more enquiry for money. Banks have raised their buying rate to 1s-4 5-16d and there is scarcely anything doing in Bank paper at current quotations. It is reported that Bank T. T. was done at 1s-4 3-32d for cash. We quote.

T. T. on London ..... 1s 4 1-16d.
Demand Do. ..... 1s 4 3-32d.
3 months' sight credits ..... 1s 4 5-16d.
Do. France 77
30 days' sight Hongkong 134 1-2
Do. Shanghai 133 1-2
Do. Japan 148 1-2

GOVERNMENT PAPER.—This market is easier, owing to heavy carrying forward charges and the near approach of the settlement. We opened at 96 for the 3rd February and 96-5 for 3rd March, closing with a decline of 1-16 in both positions.

FREIGHT.—Market quiet but steady. A small business has been done for Dunkirk and Havre February loading at 15s.

SEEDS—The Linseed market has been excited, but closes rather quieter, with an advance of two annas in the new crop. Other quotations for seeds are unchanged, the markets generally having been closed.

COTTON.—This being January settlement day business has chiefly been confined to the settlement of contracts, and little new business has been reported. Official quotations are about one rupee higher than yesterday, but the tone of the market is unchanged.

Official quotations of the Bombay Cotton Trade Association Limited :—

Growths.	Fine.	F.-G. Good.	Delivery.
Bengals, H.-G. (Ry. terms)	162	156 ...	25 January
Bengals, M.-G. (Ry. terms)	172	163 ...	"
Sind-Punjab (M.-G.)	173	167 ...	"
Selati M.-G.	184	174 ...	"
Khandeish, (M.-G.) ...	...	172 ...	"
Dhamangaum & Pulgaum	185	179 ...	"
Julgaum (M. G.) ...	...	174 ...	"
Accla do.	184	170 ...	"
Khamgaum do.			
Karanja do.			
Oomra Good staple ...	192	186 ...	"
Broach M.-G. ...	206	...	202 15, 25 March
Do. do. ...	206	...	... Jan., Feb.
Bhownugger H. G. ...	...	...	187 15 25 May
S.-G. Dharwar ...	...	...	191 "
Westerns ...	...	...	181 "

REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, JAN. 24.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed steady. Surats quiet.

Good Bhownuggar 3 28-32.

The Manchester Market has been firm.

2 3-4 per cent. Consols	94
3 per cent. Rentes	100 1-2
3 1-2 per cent. Sterling Loan	103
3 1-2 per cent. Rupee Papers	64 3-8
Bar Silver	25 1-2

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

ADEN, JAN. 24.

The B. I. S. N. Co.'s s.s. Mombassa, left yesterday evening.

SUEZ, JAN. 23.

The Clan Line steamer Clan Buchanan, left this afternoon.

JAN. 24.

The Clan Line steamer Clan Sinclair, arrived here this morning.

LONDON, JAN. 24.

The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Goorkha, left here this morning.

PLYMOUTH, JAN. 24.

The B. I. S. N. Co.'s s.s. Rewa, arrived here this morning.

The P. and O. S. N. Co.'s s.s. Australia, arrived here this morning.

HONGKONG, JAN. 25.

The P. and O. S. N. Co.'s s.s. Malacca (extra steamer), left here for Bombay this afternoon.

The Florio-Rubattino Company's s.s. D. Balduino, left Suez for Aden on the 25th instant.

MR. G. A. STONIER, F.G.S., has been appointed Chief Inspector of Mines in India.

INTIMATION has been given to those concerned that the Commissioners in the Panna case intended to announce their decision at Sutna on Saturday forenoon.

THE gross earnings of the Assam-Bengal Railway up to the 31st December were Rs. 15,35,399 against Rs. 12,57,585 in the corresponding year, showing an increase of Rs. 2,77,814. This indicates that the traffic is steadily growing, and still further development may be looked for when the line is linked through the north Cachar hills. At present it consists of two isolated lengths and does not adequately serve the important districts of Sibsagar and Lakhimpur, which are the most populous of Assam.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcements of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS and MEMORIAM Notices (which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender) is Rs. 2 for six lines or less, and 8 as. for every additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

BOMBAY.

DEATH.

DE SOUZA—January 25, at Mazagon, Margarida (Peggy) Ernestina de Faria Rosario e Sousa, the beloved wife of S. J. de Souza, grand daughter of the late Sir Roger de Faria, and daughter of the late Dr. C. Baptista do Rosario, deeply regretted by a large circle of sorrowing relatives and friends, R. I. P.

REQUIEM MASS.

THERE will be a requiem mass at St. Anne's Church, Byculla, to-morow (Tuesday), at 7 a.m., for the repose of the soul of JOSEPH ALOYSIUS DE LIMA. Relatives and friends are kindly requested to attend.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

HARDY—January 15, at Rawalpindi, the wife of Capt W K Hardy, Royal Artillery, of a daughter.

MONCKTON—January 13, at Lohut Fly, Tirhoot, the wife of P T Monckton, of a daughter.

DEATH.

DENNETT—January 15, at Pambar House, Kodaikanal, Miss Constance Dennett, Head Mistress of the Madras School of Music.

FERRO-VINA.

A Wine that has a character possessed by no other of the same class. The Vines are grown on an Iron Soil, hence the Grapes become impregnated with the Iron, and form a Wine that is Delicious and Soft to the Taste, nearly Free from Acid, and with no Roughness of Flavour. Taken with Dinner it increases the Appetite and aids the Digestive Powers.

Re. 1-8 per Bottle. Rs. 15 per Dozen.

KEMP & Co., Ld.,

BOMBAY.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Sun rises, 6h. 36m. Sun sets, 5h. 50m. High water, 1-18m., 1-35a. Low water 7-19m. 7-41a.

Municipal Corporation, 3 p. m.

P. and O. s. s. Tientsin (extra) due to arrive at noon.

REPORTED THEFT AT KANDAWADY.—Raghoonath Kashinath, a Hindu, residing at Girgaum Back Road, has reported to the Police the theft of ornaments and cash of the collective value of Rs. 450 from his house, which he temporarily vacated during the last week.

FATAL ACCIDENT IN A WORKSHOP.—Vithoo Naroo, a labourer, aged twenty-six years, residing at Agripada and employed in Messrs Richardson and Cruddas' Iron Workshop at Byculla, while lifting up an iron pipe in the yard on Friday evening had his head crushed between a iron pillar and a mooring crane. He was conveyed to the J. J. Hospital, where he died shortly after admission.

IN the report which appeared in our issue of Saturday of the speech delivered by the Hon. Mr. E. Giles, in connection with the distribution of prizes at the Sir Mangaldas Nathoobhoy Girls' School, an unfortunate mistake was made by the reporter. The concluding portion of Mr. Giles' speech should have been reported as follows :—" Her Excellency Lady Northcote's name is becoming a household word in Bombay City and throughout the Presidency, as one who has kindly thoughts, kindly words, and kindly deeds for all, and who takes the deepest interest in the welfare of all castes and classes of the community. I am sure that the children who have my prizes will carry away with them a lasting remembrance of this evening's ceremony, and of the gracious lady from whose hands they have received their prizes."

MOONLIGHT TRIPS IN THE HARBOUR.—We must confess to a feeling of surprise that the European community of Bombay have not more largely availed themselves of the moonlight trips round the harbour in the new ferry steamer "Fairy Queen." People are constantly complaining of the dullness of Bombay in the evenings and when the opportunity offers of passing an enjoyable evening on the water they prefer either to mope at home or drive down to Apollo Bunder and sit for hours there vainly endeavouring to enjoy the sea breeze which only comes to them in fitful puffs. The two hours trip round the harbour offers a splendid chance to parties of friends who find time in the evening hanging heavily on their hands and perhaps if one evening every month were allotted for such parties more Europeans would avail themselves of the pleasures of the trip.

ALLEGED INFRINGEMENT OF THE ABKARI ACT.—At the Esplanade Police Court, on Saturday, before Mr. Karsandas Chabildas, Third Presidency Magistrate, Mrs. C. Athaide, wife of the Superintendent of Messrs. Greaves Cotton and Company, again appeared to answer the charge of illegally importing into Bombay, on the 17th April last, eight bottles of Goa liquor in contravention of the Abkari Act. Mr. Yorke Smith, Solicitor, appeared for the prosecution, and the Hon. Mr. Mehta appeared for the defence. Mr. Mehta while addressing the court said the long delay in the case was due to the conduct of the prosecution. Otherwise the case would have ended quickly. What they had to prove was that the box belonged to Mrs. Athaide and that it contained country liquor. But the prosecution had not taken care to bring evidence to prove this, and hence the delay. Mr. Mehta had not concluded his address when the Court adjourned.

NEW MEMBER OF THE BOMBAY LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

A PUBLIC meeting of Hindus, convened at the invitation of the Surat Nagar Brahmin Union, was held on Saturday at the Mootjee Jetha Cloth Market Hall for the purpose of presenting a congratulatory address to the Hon. Mr. H. S. Dikshit, of the firm of Messrs. Dikshit and Dhunjishah, solicitors of the High Court, on his being elected a member of the Bombay Legislative Council to represent the Central division of the Presidency.

On the proposition of Mr. Lalloobhai Samaldas, supported by Mr. C. S. Pandya, the Hon. Sir Bhalchandra Krishna was called to the chair. There was a fairly large attendance of Hindu gentlemen.

The chairman, in opening the proceedings, briefly explained the object of the meeting, and was followed by Mr. Pandya, who spoke at great length of the past glory of the Nagar Brahmin community, and after mentioning the names of prominent members of the community, as models for invitation, exhorted the young gentlemen present to follow in their footsteps. Mr. Dikshit, the speaker said, was a Gujarati Nagar Brahmin, as he was surprised to learn a short time ago, and it was but appropriate that steps should have been initiated by the Surat Nagar Brahmin Union to honour Mr. Dikshit. Mr. Pandya said he had received several letters and telegrams from members of the Nagar community in different parts of the Presidency, sympathising with the object of the meeting.

Mr. H. M. Desai, barrister-at-law, spoke in support of the object of the meeting and read the address, intended for presentation to Mr. Dikshit.

The address was enclosed in an elegant sandalwood casket and presented to Mr. Dikshit by the chairman. Some other Nagar Brahmins also addressed the meeting in praise of Mr. Dikshit, who made a suitable acknowledgment of the honour done him by his co-religionists.

At the close of the proceedings, Mr. Dikshit was garlanded and presented with a bouquet of flowers, and left the hall amidst the cheers of the assembly.

PROBABLY BURIED AT SEA.

MR. P. BYRNE, the Coroner, held an inquest on Saturday morning, at the Morgue, on the body of a European name unknown, whose body was, on Friday afternoon, found lying on the Butcher's Island. The evidence showed that in consequence of information received, Constable Osborne proceeded to Butcher's Island on Friday afternoon, and there saw the body of the deceased lying amongst rocks, below high water mark, on the north side of the island. The body was wrapped in a canvas tied up with a piece of rope and weighed with two large stones one at the head and the other at the feet, as if it had been carefully buried at sea. The corpse was then brought ashore and conveyed to the Morgue. Constable Osborne was informed by a Quarter-Master Sergeant on the island that the body had been found that morning by a native. The body was much decomposed and features undistinguishable. The jury returned a verdict that the body of the deceased was found lying on the rocks off Butcher's Island, and had been buried at sea.

THE SAD SUICIDE OF A EUROPEAN.

THE VERDICT.

MR. P. BYRNE the Coroner, concluded the adjourned inquiry on Saturday morning at the Morgue regarding the death of Alfred James Allen, aged twenty-six, a European, employed as a fitter at the G. P. I. Railway Workshops at Parel, and who was on Friday morning found lying dead in his house at Jacob Circle, with his head blown out by a Martini-Henry Rifle.

Mr Charles Allen, brother of the deceased and a guard in the G. I. P. Railway, said that the deceased was living with him and his family at Haines Road, until about two months ago, when he went and lived in the house where he was found dead. He lived alone and was the only tenant in the house. About a year ago the witness returned from upcountry and learned that deceased was engaged to Miss Mary Gibbs. About a week ago he informed witness that the wedding was fixed for the 16th February. The date of the event was subsequently changed to 5th February. He did not seem happy over the engagement. He did not approve of the banns being published without his consent. He considered that the wedding was unnecessarily hurried on. On Thursday last, he asked witness where he should get his wedding suit made. He seemed quiet about the wedding. This was between 6 and 7 o'clock in the evening. He then went home. When he went away he said nothing remarkable, but waived his handkerchief as he went along the road. Witness and deceased were on affectionate terms. The deceased had no quarrel and no enemies. About a week ago witness was informed by his wife that she had been to the deceased's house with her sister and that the deceased grasped his head with two hands and said "They have published my banns without my consent." About 7 o'clock on Friday, the witness was on duty at Bori Bunder Station, when he was informed by his servant that the deceased was lying down in a pool of blood. Witness went straight to deceased's house and found him lying dead. His bed was in the sitting room and had apparently been lain upon. There were no signs of scuffle or disturbance in any of the rooms. Witness sent for inspector Flanagan, who came in about a quarter of an hour after and saw the body. Mr. Flanagan found two envelopes on the toilet table in a conspicuous position. Both the envelopes were in the handwriting of the deceased, Mr. and Mrs. Baker were the uncle and aunt of Miss Gibbs. Witness never heard deceased taking of suicide, the deceased was not involved and was in good health. The witness was a G. I. P. Railway Volunteer. When going through target practice the volunteers had the right of taking their rifles home. Otherwise they were kept in the armoury. Two or three weeks ago witness was informed by his wife that deceased had told her he was afraid he would not be happy in the marriage, but he would not break it off.

Mr. Edward Baker, driver in the G. I. P. Railway and residing at "Berkley Place" said that he was the uncle of Miss Gibbs who lived with him. The wedding was fixed for the 5th February. There was no difficulty about the wedding to his knowledge. The deceased seemed on affectionate terms with Miss Gibbs up to the last. The witness last saw him alive on Thursday night between 10-20 and 10-30 o'clock as his (witness') house, when he left apparently in good spirits. He was then very affectionate towards Miss Gibbs. He was a teetotaller. They had just been for a walk and deceased seemed to be in very good spirits. To the witness' knowledge, the wedding had not been pressed on against the deceased's will. Deceased always seemed happy. Witness could not account for his committing suicide.

Mrs. Dulcie Baker corroborated the last witness. She added that a few days ago the deceased told her that his brother would not come to the wedding. When deceased left her place on Thursday night he told her he would call next day for her to go and buy the wedding suit. The banns were published order his wedding suit. Miss Gibbs' parents were at Ahmedabad.

Sukka Sethi, a servant of the deceased in course of his evidence said that on Thursday night after taking his dinner the deceased ordered him to come and awake him at 3 o'clock next day, giving the reason that he was going out for target practice. The witness then went to sleep, but he overslept himself as he did not go to his master's house until 5-30 a. m. next day to awke him. He entered the sitting room in which the deceased also used to sleep but not finding him there, he went into a small empty room between the bed room and the bath-room and saw deceased's body lying on the floor. There was a small pillow near his feet saturated with blood. The rifle was lying alongside of the body with the stock towards the feet and muzzle towards the head. The brain had been blown out.

The jury returned a verdict that the deceased committed suicide by blowing out his brains with a rifle while of unsound mind.

A DEFAMATION CASE: CONVICTION REVERSED.

MR. J. W. S. DRACUP, Fourth Presidency Magistrate, Bombay, in October last, convicted Abdula Satar Joosub of defamation and fined him ten rupees, in default to suffer one week's simple imprisonment. An appeal from the decision was heard at the High Court on Thursday before the Hon. Mr. Justice Candy and the Hon. Mr. Justice Fulton. Mr. Lowndes, with Messrs. Kanga and Patel, appeared for the accused.

The Magistrate, in his judgment in the case, said the defamatory matter complained of was contained in a letter sent by the accused to Superintendent Grenan of the Bombay Police, and ran as follows :—" The accused in that case was defended by Mr. Sealy, pleader, who was instructed in Court by one Fattu who every police officer present in Court during the hearing of the case remarked, was a gambler and convicted offender." Publication of the letter in question was admitted by the defence in so far that it was sent by accused to Superintendent Grenan. That the statement complained of said the Magistrate, was defamatory there could be no doubt; but it was urged by counsel for the defence that it was privileged, and that accused was entitled to the protection of exceptions 8 and 9 to section 499, Indian Penal Code, was much as the communication was made to a police officer possessing lawful authority and for the protection of the accused's interests. From the evidence in the case it appeared that Dr. Sukhia was assaulted by a man named Hajee Abdulla on the night of the 8th September 1900. Accused who was with Dr. Sukhia at the time, caught the assailant, and he was subsequently tried and convicted of the offence. The assault on Dr. Sukhia was apparently an unprovoked one, and it was thought that it had been instigated by some persons hostile to him. At the trial of Hajee Abdulla, it appeared that complainant was seated next to the pleader of Hajee Abdulla, instructing him for the defence; and the accused, who was a witness for Dr. Sukhia, in that case, fearing that a similar assault could be committed on him, wrote to Superintendent Grenan asking for police protection. It was clear, said the Magistrate, that the letter was written for the protection of the accused's interest; but before accused could be held entitled to the protection of the sections referred to, it was necessary to consider whether the defamatory statement was made in good faith, or in other words, with due care and caution. Comment upon the evidence, the Magistrate arrived at the conclusion that the statement made by the accused was clearly false, and that he had no reasonable ground for believing it to be true. Accused was convicted and fined as mentioned above.

Mr. Justice Candy, in giving the Court's judgment, said : We think that the Magistrate has taken too serious a view of the inaccuracy in the letter drafted by the witness Sorab, and sent by accused to Superintendent Grenan. Accused naturally relied on what the two Sorabs told him had been stated to Dr. Sukhia by Inspector Stanford; and it is straining the case against him to hold him guilty of not having exercised due care and caution, because he put the imputation, said to have been made against the character of Fattu, into the mouths of "every police officer present in Court." Having regard to the circumstances accepted by the Magistrate, we do not think that accused should have been convicted; and we reverse the conviction and direct the fine to be refunded.

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Mrs Champ	1
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Contributions of books for the Library from :—Mrs. Geary, Mr. J. Johnston, Mr. Rajaram Tookaram, and Mrs. Molholland.

Other contributions :—One large flag from Mrs. T. Daniels. A number of toys and children's books from Miss Kitty Mitchell. Two sets of copper cooking pots from Mrs. Jehangir Dossabhai Framji.

H. M. PHIPSON,
Joint Honorary Secretary

HIGH COURT.—JANUARY 27.

Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice RUSSELL.

For Consent Decree.

49-01—Tyabjee D and Co—Bai Ladkebai widow vs Hurridas Purshotum—Matubhai J and M.

Testamentary Suits for hearing and final disposal.

42-00—Dikshit and D—Khunderao Pandurung vs Dadabhoy Narayen and others—Smethan S and N.—Part heard.

3-01—Crawford and Co—Mahadoo Crushnajee Chidle vs Rukhmabai widow—Jamsetjee and R—Part heard.

4-01—Mathubhai J and R—Sorabjee Dossabhoy Bhathena vs Keshavlal Jugjeewan—Mansukhlal D and J.

40-01—R P Mehta—Gunput Gainoo vs Gungaram Damodar —Mankey and B (for preliminary issues).

37-01—Edgelow G and W—Talarcham Bhimchand and others vs Mankhai widow—Tyabjee D and Co.

6-01—Mulla and M—Alli Mahomed Elias vs Tar Mahomed Hajee B—Payne G S and M.

8-01—Payne G S and M—Haimabai widow vs Sulleman Haji Alli—Sorabjee and J.

12-01—Dadiyary and F—Soorjee Moorajee and others vs Manekvahoo widow—Madhowjee V.

35-01—Bhaishunker and K—Bhugwanlal Chugenlal and others vs Gordhandas Nursey and others—Edgelow G and W and N M Cama.

2-01—Mulla and M—Withaldas Laljee vs Thakar Lilladhur Mathuradas and others—Little and Co.

14-01—Nesbitt and S and N—J F Fernandes and others vs Rosa Angelia Fernandes—Sorabjee and J.

18-01—Nanu and H—Shrinbai widow vs Jehangir Eduljee Laher—Kanga and P.

20-01—D D Romer—Vishnu B Kanekar vs Krishna B Mahadeshwar—D and F.

15-01—Unwala and P—Soonabai widow vs Cooverjee Nasserwanjee and other—K and Patel

23-01—D and J—Birjee Manjee vs Gokuldas Madhowjee—T D and L

27-01—C and Valdya—Lukhamsey Hirjee vs Nagsey Karpal—M J and M

23-01—N M Cama—Bhaichuna Naron vs Bhugwanlal Chugenlal and others—B and K.

503-01—Payne G S and M—Jamsetjee Nusserwanjee Tata vs F P Pereira and others—In person.

727-00—Edgelow G and W—Casum Noormahomed vs Nawab Mahomed Kamalkhan—Nanu and H.

531-01—N M Cama—Shamjeebhai Daya vs Rahimtoola

For Consent Decree.

402-01—Manuklal D and J—Atmaram Ratansi and others vs Jugjiwan Laxmidas.

886-01—Mahabal J and M—Keshribhand Savaichand vs Fulchand Kallianchand and others.

Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice STARLING.

For Consent Decree.

906-01—Mantri and B—Luxmibai widow and another vs Dayaram Dalubhram—Daphtary and P.

589-01—Thakurdas and Co—Hajee Dewjibhoy Jamal vs Shapurjee Burjorjee Fraser and others—Kanga and P.

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Long Causes.

222-01—Craigie L and O—The Trikamdas Mills Co Ld vs Hajee Saboo Sidick and others—Thakoredas and Co.

504-01—Tyabjee D and Co—Ebrahim Hajee Mahomed and another vs Hajee Jannahomed and others—Framjee and D and Wadia and G.

280-01—Craigie L and O—The Trikamdas Mills Co Ld vs Dossabhoy Furdunjee Gazdar—Unwalla and P.

161-01—Payne G S and M—Javerbai widow and others vs Kalla Bhoora and others—Thakoredas and Co.

523-01—Wadia and G—Jafferjee Adamjee K vs Bai Javerbai

THE WILSON PHILOLOGICAL LECTURES

THE FIRST of a Series of Six Lectures on "SANSKRIT AND PRAKRIT LANGUAGES DERIVED FROM IT" being the Wilson Philological Lectures for the year 1901-02 will be delivered in the University Library, on MONDAY, the 27th JANUARY, 1902, commencing at 5-30 P.M.

SUBJECT.—PRELIMINARY OBSERVATIONS.

Lecturer.—Prof. RAJARAM RAMKRISHNA BHAGWAT.

The Hon'ble Mr. Justice E. T. Candy, I. C. S., has kindly consented to preside.

The Lectures are open to the public.

By Order,
D. MACDONALD, M. D., B. Sc. C.M.,
University Registrar.

University Office Bombay, 25th Jan. 1902.

SYNOPSIS OF LECTURES.

LECTURE II.—JANUARY 28th—Periods of Development of the Sanskrit Language.

LECTURE III.—JANUARY 29th—Declension of Nouns. The remaining Lectures will be announced later on.

MY DEAR MR. BRUZARD.—

There are men and things which dispense with the commonplace of praise. Richard Wagner is, without doubt, known to you as a glory of contemporary Art, in whom Germany with good reason considers itself honoured, and I congratulate the Philharmonic Society of London in having chosen him to direct its Concerts. Need I add that I have been for some years bound to Wagner by intimate friendship.

Will you, therefore, my dear Mr. BRUZARD, kindly do what lies in your power to favour him during the time with one of those fine ERARD Pianos that Marlborough Street makes so well.

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Bombay, 27th January 1902.

1. Regimental order No, 1 of 14th January 1902, is cancelled.

It is notified for information however that Rule VII of the B. V. A. Carbine Association now reads. "None but those who have fire their class by 31st March and been returned as efficient for the season 1901-1902 and who capitation grant is earned for their Corps (except Hony Members of B. V. A. and Sergt Instructors) will be allowed to take any prize in the Competition."

2. Orderly Sergeants for this week :—

No 1 Company Sergt R B Lenahan next for duty Corpl W S Osborne.

No 2 Company Sergt G A Anthony next for duty Sergt H J Long.

3. There will be 12-inch R M L Gun drill at both Headquarters, to-morrow Tuesday and Thursday the 30th instant at 8-45 p.m.

4. The Proficiency Class will meet as follows :—

At Fort Head-quarters to-morrow Tuesday after drill.

At Nesbit Road Head-quarters on Thursday the 30th inst after drill.

5. Saturday's parade will be notified hereafter.

6. It is notified for information that the Annual Camp of the Corps will be held at Mahalaxmi Fort from the 19th February to the 1st March 1902 both days inclusive—Programmes will be issued.

7. It is notified for information that the Annual B V A Carbine Association meetings will be held on the following dates 9th, 10th, 16th, 17th, 23rd and 24th March 1902. List of matches will be issued.

8. The following transfer will take effect in No 2 Company from this date :—Gunner F A Chambers from No 1 to No 4 Sub-division.

By Order,
G. STODDART, Captain, R. A.,
Adjutant, B. V. A.

The Bombay Gazette

MONDAY, JANUARY 27, 1902.

ANGLO-GERMAN RELATIONS.

THE mail brings details of the unfortunate outburst of anti-English feeling in Germany and anti-German feeling in England which have rendered necessary the exceptional police measures in connection with the visit there of H. R. H. the Prince of Wales. When the mild protest against Mr. Chamberlain's speech, in which he compared the conduct of the German war methods of 1870-71 with those of our own in South Africa, had subsided, it was believed, that the incident had ended. But there were numerous more or less intelligent Germans who were determined that it should not die, and that they would fan the smoking flax until it burst into a flame. Count Udo von Stolberg-Weringerode was the individual who, of his own initiative, or otherwise, led Count von Bulow to make his observations on Mr. Chamberlain's parallel. It was deplorable, said Count Stolberg, that the minister of a foreign State, with which they lived in peace and friendship had considered it expedient to draw a parallel between the conduct of German troops in the war of 1870-71, and the English methods of warfare in the Transvaal. Ample evidence in support of the remarks of that Minister had been already quoted, but Count Stolberg and the great majority of the subjects of the Emperor William chose to ignore it, and in the Count's words, among the whole German nation in all classes, in all parties, these accusations, for which there was no occasion, excited the most profound indignation. Misrepresent as to the precise incidents and proclamation the statement referred to being carefully kept in the back-ground, it is not to be marvelled at that the indignation it caused was strong, for in no country in the world is the army so closely bound up with the people as in Germany, and if the army be described as a nation under arms, it is no mere phrase, but is a statement of fact. Whoever, therefore, insults the German army, insults the German people. Thus Count Stolberg. The Imperial Chancellor, Count von Bulow, had he been as tactful as a statesman should be, would have either ignored the observation, or have attempted to allay the feeling aroused by the misrepresentation and misconception of Mr. Chamberlain's remarks. Instead of this, he endorsed Count Stolberg's views, remarking that it was "altogether unintelligible that in a nation which is so closely bound up with its glorious army as is the German people, the general feeling rose up against the attempt or even against the appearance of an attempt to misrepresent the heroic character and the moral basis of our struggles for national unity."

Count von Bulow later acquitted Mr. Chamberlain of any desire to offend German susceptibilities; when he had almost given encouragement to the anti-English members of the Reichstag and he laid stress on the fact that "the unclouded continuance of good and friendly relations between England and Germany is equally in the interests of both nations." It would have been better had this warning come at the beginning of his reply to Count Stolberg instead of at the end, when it might have prevented the further manifestations of unfriendliness which presented themselves a day or two later—after the mail left—both in the Reichstag and out of it. Before Mr. Chamberlain made his speech there had been an outburst of Anglophobia which provoked keenly responsive feeling in England. Mr. Chamberlain was in no way responsible for that, nor were his utterances in the remotest degree connected with it. We do not suppose that the German Chancellor meant to be offensive, though his utterance was deliberate and the organ of the Berlin bourgeoisie feels sure that he had almost considered that the British Minister in question would not remain silent. According to the "Standard's" Berlin correspondent, cool-headed and unbiassed members of the Reichstag, who listened to Count von Bulow's speech, frankly expressed a belief afterwards that the passage referring to Mr. Chamberlain's speech would probably have an effect in England "quite contrary to the Chancellor's intention of fully settling the question for good." They were right. The German Chancellor sinned from want of thought, not from want of heart, and when another deputy employed even more offensive terms he still failed to rise to the situation. It is not vouchsafed to all Ministers to be equally tactful, and Count von Bulow's deficiency in this respect, intensified the strained relations. With the exception of the "Vossieche Zeitung," it appears hardly any of the papers, other than the Radical and Democratic organs, expressed these sentiments, but the Pan-German and similar papers gloried in the incident, the most prominent of these being the "Deutsche Rundschau" one of the few papers which reproduced the slanders in Dr. Vallentin's book and to which Lord Roberts gave so emphatic a contradiction. It is not the universally held opinion that Count von Bulow tripped in making the remarks attributed to him. According to the Berlin correspondent of the "Morning Post," by the "rebuke" which he administered to Mr. Chamberlain, Count von Bulow for the moment achieved his object. He is acclaimed a Daniel among statesmen by those politicians from whose hostility he has most to fear in the arena of German domestic politics. For the purpose apparently of smoothing his course at home Count von Bulow has reflected the popular intolerance towards a much hated foreign statesman. Few people here appreciate the fact that in so doing the Chancellor has violated precisely those rules of international etiquette, the future observance of which he so strongly recommended to Mr. Chamberlain.

The incident and that which led to it are much to be regretted. Certainly England was in no humour for any further display of unfriendliness than had been furnished by the wide introduction of the slanders by Dr. Vallentin. A correspondent of the "Kolnische Zeitung" represented the feeling accurately when he stated that nothing has so roused the anger of the public and filled it with bitterness as the reports of the correspondents about Dr. Vallentin's book, and the sweeping calumnies against the British Army in South Africa taken from it and circulated by German papers. A feeling is gradually growing in Berlin which makes the calm observer who has been able to follow events in good and bad times quite uneasy. Such changes of feelings have sometimes surprising effects, and lead to decisions which, when the affair is quietly considered, would have been thought improbable, and even impossible, seeming as they do out of harmony with lasting interests. For the life of nations has its sudden, irresistible outbursts, just as that of the individual; and no one can say at what point the thread of calm reflection may suddenly break. Of prominent personages on the continent who have endeavoured to stay the tide of ill-feeling Count Wolff-Metternich, the new German Ambassador to London, has been most earnest. In a farewell speech at Hamburg in reply to the Burgomaster, who expressed the hope that he would cultivate and strengthen friendly relations between Germany and England, Count Wolff-Metternich said that he happily was under no necessity of associating himself with those who thought that the old traditional relations between Germany and England need no longer be maintained. It was in the interest of Germans to behave towards England with the respect which was demanded by the dictates of international courtesy. The low class press in Germany attacks the Ambassador, but the "Kolnische Zeitung" warns its readers that it is a matter of great interest to Germany that Great Britain should not cease to be a factor in the distribution of power, and it would be a mistake if Germany, without interfering in the affairs of others, failed to affirm that interest at the right moment. After observing, in conclusion, that Germany can afford to be content with the present posture of foreign affairs elsewhere the "Kolnische" says it would be glad to see the book of ill-will and provocation closed once for all. It is a distinct misfortune that it was ever opened, and that the pious wish of the "Kolnische" may speedily be fulfilled is the earnest hope of all intelligent well-wishers of both countries.

MARCONI'S PROGRESS.

SIGNOR MARCONI is not by any means one of those dry as dust savants that so many of our wise men degenerate or at least develop into. Perhaps the fact that knowledge has come to him whilst he is yet young has prevented him acquiring that insatiable taste for increased knowledge that precludes the possibility of thorough enjoyment of the good things of this world. Marconi has a thorough eye for business. He is satisfied at having added to the world's store of wisdom, but he is particularly satisfied because he sees in his discovery the possibilities of a big commercial enterprise, and an enterprise that will bring him so many pounds, shillings, and pence. No one will attempt to blame Marconi for his keen business insight. It is probably all the better for the commercial world that, in addition to his scientific genius, he possesses a cute brain. The experiments at St. John's, Newfoundland, have proved highly successful—what was a theoretical possibility has now become a practical certainty. The system of wireless telegraphy will, in the immediate future, be an important factor in the commercial world. Marconi's system can never be universally used as a means of telegraphic communication. At least that would seem to be the case, for, unfortunately for Marconi and happily for the proprietors of the world's cables, the world's physical conformation seems to forbid it. Across the Atlantic, from Cornwall to St. John's is an ideal experimenting ground, yet it would take a good deal to convince the unscientific individual that Marconi could by means of his new system communicate with India, say, or with some other of England's far off colonies. But the Atlantic cables, if Marconi's hopes and beliefs are realised—and there is no doubt they will be—will in the space of six months be subjected to dire and deadly competition. Compared with the enormous cost of laying an Atlantic cable, the expense incurred in the installation of a Marconi Station is infinitesimal. Obviously as soon as the inventor gets to work, there will be big changes in the prices of cablegrams. The fact that Marconi has actually received telegrams at St. John's is freely questioned is some quarters, but the matter of fact and business-like way in which he is making his preparations, leaves little room for doubt. Eventualities will be awaited with ever increasing interest.

THETIS DISQUALIFICATION.

A MILITARY VOLUNTEER is not subject to the good old-fashioned rule that a gift-horse should not be looked in the mouth. A paragraph in a home paper states that the dental hospitals of London have patriotically offered to make good the deficiencies in the mouths of men rejected for Military service on account of bad teeth. For one pound a head they will either entirely equip with a full set of useful teeth men otherwise pronounced fit for service or fill up their dental gaps. It would appear that sixty per cent. of the volunteer recruits for General Baden-Powell's South African Police have been rejected on the score of bad teeth, and hundreds of applicants for service with the Yeomanry in South Africa have been disqualified for the same cause. It seems a slight reason to give for wholesale rejection, unless indeed these young volunteers are quite disabled by permanent toothache or incapacity to tackle the tough rations they get in the campaign. But, at the rate of 60 per cent. of the recruits requiring to be provided at one pound a head, with business teeth, there will be battalions of young recruits awaiting the services of the obliging dentists. We are reminded of the four miles of kneeling Chinese soldiers that lined the roads to Peking on the return of the recalcitrant Queen. The hospitals have undertaken a huge contract and though they have only made an informal intimation on the subject to the Secretary of State for War, the War Office is said to be considering the matter of the supply of false teeth to soldiers on the basis suggested. It is to be hoped the idea will be adopted. Our soldiers can then enter on warlike operations with a fearless smile.

THE CHINESE COMMERCIAL TREATY.

GENERAL SHARRETTS, a United States Commissioner, is at present touring through China with the idea of collecting information that may be used on the formation of the new Commercial Treaty with China. In the course of a discussion with a press representative he has explained fully the position of the United States in regard to the new Treaty. It was provided in the original Peace Protocol, he points out, that the Tariff should be determined upon by an international commission. The British Government, however, objected to this on the ground that if it were necessary for a commission of all the Powers to go into the matter, the settlement of the tariff question would be delayed indefinitely. General Sharretts says that the United States has no wish to interfere in any way with the present method of collecting the Maritimes Customs, which is in the hands of the British, but it is resolved upon defending the rights of American traders. When he arrived at Shanghai, the General was told that the tariff would be prepared in Manchester and London, but it struck him that that was unjust, as residents in Shanghai would thus have no voice in the matter at all. By his influence he has induced the British Minister at Peking to alter this arrangement, but is now stated that the merchants of Shanghai will have the opportunity of meeting representative Commissioners and of discussing the projected tariff in a proper manner. After this there should be no obstacle in the way of a speedy and satisfactory adjustment of the tariff question. The English, German, French, and Japanese Governments have already appointed their commissioners, and General Sharretts has powers to act for the United States.

WANDERING GIPSIES.

A HOME paper has the following :—"Owing to the great number of crimes committed by wandering gipsies, the Roumanian Minister of the Interior has drafted a Bill providing that every tribe must settle in the locality in which it may happen to be on the day the new law comes into force." It is hardly likely that the general population of a district will be pleased to have a permanent settlement in their midst of a tribe whose crimes and depredations make them undesirable sojourners even for a short time in any place. Divide and rule is a good law, and as far as the Gipsy tribes are concerned, it may succeed in Roumania, but the facility afforded to the authorities by keeping a wandering people of doubtful morals stationary, the better to control or detect them, has its disadvantages in the necessity it imposes on the law-abiding people in their neighbourhood to double the watch on their belongings henceforward. We wonder if the Gipsies are clever enough to defeat the Roumanian Minister's good intentions by meeting on the day of the promulgation of the law in the richest and best part of the kingdom. For there they would be bound to stay.

BRIGADIER-GENERAL F. Ventris, Commanding the Bombay District, accompanied by Major F. A. Hoghton, D. A. A. General, returned to Bombay on Saturday morning from Ahmedabad from inspection duty. A salute of nine guns was fired from the Saluting Battery to announce his arrival.

THE P and O Co.'s s. s. Egypt, arrived at Marseilles on Saturday, the 25th instant.

TWO Boer prisoners, Datail, and Bronkhaist, who were in the Station Hospital at Colaba, being sick, were despatched to Ahmednagar Boer Camp on Saturday evening by the mail train.

A PETITION signed by over 500 season ticket holders has been forwarded to the Agent of the G. I. P. Railway against the proposal to enhance the current rates of season tickets on the line between Victoria Terminus and Kallian.

THE famine returns for the past week show an increase of 25,550, the total numbers now on relief being 208,400. There are now 3,776 persons on relief in Ajmere, 12,488 in Rajputana, and 5,721 in the Central India States.

THE opium sales up to the present show a net improvement of Rs. 46,66,000 as compared with the Budget Estimate. The sales of Bengal opium are nearly Rs. 84,74,000 better than the estimate; but those of Bombay are Rs. 38,07,000 worse.

LIEUT.-COLONEL MURRAY, Officers and men of the 2nd Royal Inniskilling Fusiliers beg to tender their gratitude to Lady Northcote and the ladies and gentlemen who so kindly gave and collected the gifts of books, magazines, pipes and cigarettes, etc., which were sent on board the Transport Armenian for use enroute to South Africa.

MR. H. ST. J. VOULES, whose name has come into prominence in connection with the London and Globe Corporation failure, is one of the oldest members of the London Press. It was he who started the "Echo," the first half-penny evening paper, in 1868, and in 1875 he arranged with Mr. Labouchere to start "Truth," of which he has been sole editor for several years past.

A STRIKING illustration of the change that is coming over our ideas about the necessary preparation a soldier requires before he can face the enemy is to be found in Lord Kitchener's request that the new Yeomanry reinforcements should be sent out to him untrained. The fact is that even Lord Kitchener, a man who at one time took an unwearied delight in the inspection and drilling of soldiers, now puts less faith in these methods.

IN connection with the forthcoming visit to Calcutta of the German cruiser Thetis and the Austro-Hungarian man-of-war Aspern, the Viceroy proposes to invite the officers of both vessels to lunch at Government House on Tuesday next. His Excellency had proposed to give this entertainment on Monday, January 27th, the birthday of His Imperial Majesty the German Emperor, when the German vessel will already have arrived, but learning that the Austrian frigate will not reach Calcutta till the same afternoon, he has postponed the invitation until next day, in order that he may have the pleasure of receiving the officers of both vessels.

A VERY interesting paper, containing "Practical suggestions for the prevention of malarial fevers," was read before the recent Malarial Conference by Captain G. T. Birdwood, I. M. S., Civil Surgeon of Jhansi. Captain Birdwood would first like to preach a crusade against obvious anopheles ponds in cantonments and municipalities. He would prohibit the digging or excavating of earth or ponds within cantonment or municipal limits, would not permit brick or tile making to be carried on close to towns and villages, and so on, every effort being made to fill in existing breeding places for mosquitos, and to prevent others being opened. Next in importance to the removal of obvious anopheles ponds, Captain Birdwood places the substitution of pakka for kacha drains. The latter afford the larvæ very suitable breeding places. It would also be a useful precaution to line with masonry the sides of all canals and irrigation channels within municipal limits. Among other useful prophylactic measures suggested are the provision of mosquito curtains, gauze windows and doors, and the more general use of quinine.

DEALING JUSTICE.

THE SOUTH AFRICAN TREASON COMMISSIONERS AND THEIR WORKS.

BY ONE OF THEM.

THERE are two distinct Treason Commissions. One is the hanging committee, known as the "Scroggs and Jeffreyites." The other is made up of milder spirits who merely imprison, says "One of Them" in the "Express."

A comfortable special railway saloon is at our disposal, but sometimes we are obliged to travel by trek wagon. Already we have covered many thousands of miles. In our rebel-tracking circuit we meet with all sorts and conditions of adventure, strange lodgings, and curious accommodation.

Alarmists lie in wait for us, not with rumours of war, but with rumours of Boer plots for the total and painful extermination of the commissioners. Twice an attempt has been made to wreck our saloon carriage. In dangerous districts an armoured train precedes us. A detachment of soldiers always travels with us.

Once when the commission was "in town," as the phrase goes, we might have had a thrilling adventure. A large Boer force was at close quarters. Most of the garrison had gone out in a totally wrong direction to hunt the foe—a proceeding which is now ancient history in South Africa. All told, there were not sixty masculine members, including small boys in arms—of a very different kind—to defend the township.

Fortunately, the Boers didn't know it. But for two days and nights we didn't know that the enemy didn't know it. The commissioners were within an ace of having the tables turned and themselves "tried" by a self-constituted and not too merciful Boer court. There is no doubt it would have been a hanging business that time. Despite such small contretemps we pursue the even and legal tenor of our way.

On the train we present a most peaceful aspect, picnicking in our luxurious saloon from a specially constructed and well furnished food basket.

PRIMITIVE REFRESHMENTS.

Railway refreshments in South Africa are of a very primitive kind. He who trusts to meals by the way on a South African train will often "go hungry to bed" or suffer dyspeptic agonies in a vain attempt to negotiate internally the commissariat horrors procurable. Therefore we take our cold turkeys, ham, and wine with us.

South Africa is a hundred years behind any other civilised country. When we ancient inhabitants hear of the "new South Africa" that is to come into being after the war we wax somewhat sceptical. Unless the country is populated by some very wide-awake breed—American immigrants for choice—it will take a thousand years for a "new South Africa" to rise on the ashes of its sleepy self. "Great Scott!" ejaculated a newly-arrived Yankee, who travelled with us for a few days. "Seems as if the whole country had been under a hypnotic spell since the days of Noah." This sums up the industrial and commercial situation with startling accuracy.

Wherever we go Boers and burghers welcome us most heartily. Many of the most enthusiastic are rebels at heart and in fact. There are many slips between treason and trial, luckily for them. Such traitors overwhelm us with their loyal admiration of the Imperial methods of the British Government.

WHO THEY ARE.

Three magistrates, a public prosecutor, and a secretary make up each commission. Each gets £1 a day and all expenses, in addition to his standing salary as a Civil servant. The extra pay comes as a boon and a blessing to members of a service by no means noted for high salaries. And a post on a Treason Commission spells promotion. An interpreter always accompanies us, and a retinue of barristers travel in our train, paying their own expenses and hoping for rebel briefs.

We are getting along very quickly. The traitors are tried in batches. At the prisoners' bar they are sorted into sections, the goats from the sheep. There are the train wreckers, the white flag decoys, and the secret signal corps. The arm of the law falls heavily on all these.

Then there are the cowardly Boers, who pretend they do not speak English, and on this plea force a Kaffir servant to give false intelligence to our soldiers. The Kaffir hates his slave-driving master. But he dare not tell the truth. His Boer tyrant stands by and understands every word he says. Were he to give true information he knows he would be shot down as soon as the soldiers had passed on. When such a Boer is brought to the bar he tries to shield himself. "It was the Kaffir who lied! I do not speak English." This is not taken as evidence.

BIG BATCHES.

Occasionally we sentence fifty to eighty Boers in batches on one day—an exhausting business. The work is often very monotonous. Then we get a run of interesting cases. An average Boer is a past master of the art of perjury. He not [illegible] personifies Solomon's axiom that all men are liars, but he is convinced that all commissioners are easy believers of the most ridiculous cock-and-bull stories. Their pleas for commutation of sentence are very funny.

One has married a wife. We harden our hearts. The groom is sent to prison and the bride spends a lonely honeymoon on Mirebank Island, the new centre for Boer women and children.

We discover the "bridal pair" have been married for ten years! Mirebank Island used to be the stronghold of the Lascar community. It is just off Durban, in the Bluff, and the deported Boeress has little prospect beyond the salutary sight of many cargoes of Boer men and boys en route to exile.

A commissioner's life is very tiring—always on the travel, never settling down for more than a few days. Then we strike camp and are off to fresh fields and rebels new. Two or three servants are provided to travel with us and valet us, so far as native ministration [illegible] such a description. Sometimes our quarters are at hotels. Occasionally we hire a furnished house and engage local cooks and servants for the duration of our stay. When the influx of visitors is "coming," as Americans say, the charges sometimes go up to siege prices.

The Government is generous as to menus and brands of wine, and we enjoy as many creature comforts as the country affords. We are wined and dined by local celebrities and town councils, and give entertainments in return. Etiquette and the order of official precedence have to be kept by us as strictly in a forty-house township on the wild karoo as by a Court Chamberlain arranging a state ball.

The other day at Colesberg we passed the hovel where Kruger was born. A large number of Boers were gathered round it as round some sacred shrine. They all raised their hats respectfully—but cursed us in their hearts. For the commissions have put a serious spoke in the wheels of treachery and rebellion; and we all registered a vow in front of Kruger's birthplace that it shall not be owing to our leniency and light sentences if the Colony cannot look forward to a happy and more prosperous New Year.

IN an Inspection note regarding a school in the Chanda District, the Deputy Inspector of Schools recorded: "It appears that the school does not properly receive attention from the members of Committee. The tahsildar will kindly rectify them, and bring them to their senses." Is this to be taken as an illustration of the importance of the work of School Committees, and their relations with Government officers, in the Central Provinces?

THE news that the Mad Mullah of Somaliland has managed to secure 1,000 breech-loading rifles points to the extensive importation of arms and ammunition into the north-east corner of Africa. It is believed that Jibuti is the port through which the trade is carried on, the French authorities there being extremely lax, or, it may be, purposely careless as regards the traffic in arms. As in the Persian Gulf and along the Arabian Coast there is a brisk demand for breech-loaders at the Somali ports, and unless there is some international agreement the tribesmen inland will be well armed in the course of a few years. The French Government should bear this in mind, and check the importation of arms; otherwise they may, some day, find their Somali territory threatened by a formidable enemy. Abyssinia, as we know, is full of modern rifles, and it will be an evil day when Somaliland also has got a big supply.

TELEGRAMS.

(THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.)

THE WAR IN SOUTH AFRICA.

A CORPS OF BURGHERS.

ATTACK ON A CONCENTRATION CAMP.

BRITISH LOSSES.

LONDON, JAN. 25.

Lord Kitchener has authorised the ex-Boer General Viljoen to form a corps of 1,500 Burghers for the purpose of terminating the war.

Viljoen has written to Steyn warning him that civil war is about to break out owing to his abstinence.

Commandant Beyers on the 22nd inst., penetrated the concentration camp at Pietersburg, and carried off a large number of surrendered Burghers and afterwards attacked Pietersburg, but was repulsed losing six men.

The casualty list received to-night include seven killed and twenty-five wounded at Tremfontein on the 21st inst. mostly Yeomanry.

JAN. 26.

The Boers placed some cartridges under a train on the Pietersburg railway, but they exploded harmlessly.

Colonel Rawlinson captured forty prisoners south of Frankfort on the 22nd inst.

The National Scouts who were formerly Burghers captured eleven prisoners south of Middleburg.

PRINCE OF WALES' VISIT TO BERLIN.

RECEIVED BY KAISER AND PRINCES.

LONDON, JAN. 24.

H. R. H. the Prince of Wales has started for Berlin.

LONDON, JAN. 25.

H. R. H. the Prince of Wales has arrived in Berlin and been received with the greatest distinction by the Emperor and all the Princes.

Exceptional Police arrangements were made.

THE BISHOPRIC OF WORCESTER.

CANON GORE AND THE ANTI-RITUALISTS.

Consequent on the appeal to the Courts by the Church Association and kindred bodies complaining of Canon Gore's extreme views, his consecration to the Bishopric of Worcester which was fixed to take place to-day, has been postponed.

THE HAMPSTEAD ELECTION.

The election for the seat at Hampstead rendered vacant by the retirement of Mr. Hoare, has resulted in the return of Mr. Milvain, the Conservative candidate by a majority of 1,725 votes over Mr. Rowe, the Liberal candidate, who polled 2,118 against 3,843 polled by Mr. Milvain.

[At the last election Mr. Edward Brodie Hoare (C) was returned unopposed.

Mr. Thos. Milvain Q. C., the new member has held the appointment of Chancellor of the County Palatine of Durham and Sadberg and has been recorder of Bradford since 1892. He represented Durham City in Parliament during 1885-86 and from 1886-92 when he was defeated. In 1895 he unsuccessfully contested the Cockermouth division of Cumberland against Sir Wilfrid Lawson. He was made Chairman of the Commission appointed last year to inquire into the claims of persons obliged by the British authorities to leave the Transvaal and the Orange Free State on the outbreak of the War. He was born in 1844, the fifth son of the late Henry Milvain of North Elswick Hall and was educated at Durham School and Cambridge University.]

THE COMMONS AND IRELAND.

COMPULSORY LAND PURCHASE.

IRISH AMENDMENT REJECTED.

After two days' debate covering the whole Irish question, the Amendment of Mr. Redmond demanding the compulsory sale of land and denouncing the coercive measures of the Government was rejected by 2 37 against 134 votes.

Sir H. Campbell-Bannerman and Mr. Morley, voted with the minority. The Imperialists and some other Liberals abstained from voting.

THE GOVERNMENT OF CHINA.

CONSIDERATION OF REFORMS.

At the instance of Yuanshikai, the Dowager Empress and her counsellors are seriously considering the employment of foreign advisers of distinguished ability to reorganise the Government of China.

LONDON JAN. 26.

Yuanshikai, who practically controls the Army and Navy, proposes to engage Japanese instructors for the Chinese Army, and British for the Navy.

CABLE RATES TO INDIA.

THE PROMISED REDUC[illegible]

The "Daily News" says it is st[illegible] the cable rates to India are about to be re[illegible] 6d. per word.

THE PERSIAN GULF QUESTION.

LONDON, JAN. 24.

Lord Cranborne, replying to a question in the House of Commons to-night, said that the occupation by a foreign Power of a seaport in the Persian Gulf would be inconsistent with the maintenance of the "status quo," which is the policy of the Government.

THE ANNEXATION OF THE SOUTH AFRICAN REPUBLICS.

Lord Cranborne, in reply to a further question, said that unless any special reasons arise, no notification of the annexation of the South African Republics will be made to the foreign Powers.

DANISH WEST INDIES CEDED TO AMERICA.

The Treaty ceding the Danish West Indies to the United States has been signed at Washington.

BRITISH RELATIONS WITH THE AMEER.

HABIBULLAH AND HIS FRIENDS.

Lord George Hamilton, in reply to a question in the Commons, said that the Ameer Habibullah Khan had assured the Viceroy that he will follow the steps of his father, the late Ameer, and will be the friend of his friends.

Lord George said His Highness was informed that the British Government would be his friend and will maintain and strengthen the friendly ties between the two Governments.

THE CEYLON LOAN.

The Ceylon Loan was immediately covered five times over.

(THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.)

SPANISH GUNBOAT BLOWN UP.

LONDON, JAN. 26.

The Spanish gunboat Condor, while pursuing some fishing trawlers off Vigo under forced steam, blew up and only four were saved out of 22 on board.

TREASURE IN THE PEKING PALACE.

Upwards of one hundred million taels buried in the women's quarters of the Palace at Peking before the flight of the Court have been unearthed intact.

REPORTED AFGHAN MISSION TO RUSSIA.

LONDON, JAN. 24.

The Russian papers affirm that an extraordinary Afghan mission will shortly reach St. Petersburg.

THE RUMOUR DISCREDITED.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JAN. 25.

No information has reached the Government of India which gives any colour to the report cabled by Reuter from St. Petersburg of an Afghan Mission to Russia and the story is entirely disbelieved in the best informed circles here.

THE SOUTH AFRICAN MEDAL.

PRESENTATION TO LUMSDEN'S HORSE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JAN. 26.

The South African medal was presented to members of Lumsden's Horse yesterday morning here by Generals Leach, and Colonel Lumsden afterwards entertained the members of the corps at lunch.

SCHOLARSHIPS FOR INDIAN CHRISTIANS.

SIR HARNAM SINGH'S GIFT.

Sir Harnam Singh has given half a lakh of rupees to be managed by a committee for scholarships to poor Indian Christian students in the Punjab.

Rules and conditions are now being framed.

THE ENGLISH BUDGET.

DEFICIT OF TEN MILLIONS.

A deficit of ten millions sterling in the forthcoming Home Budget is forecasted by Mr. Robert Giffen.

CALCUTTA POLO TOURNAMENT.

The first two rounds in the Polo Tournament have been finished. In the first round "D" team beat "A" team by two subsidiaries to nil; "C" team beat "B" by three goals to two.

Second round :—"C" team beat "D" team by two goals and two subsidiaries to two subsidiaries. "A" team beat "B" team by five goals and one subsidiary to nil. There was a large attendance each day.

ACCIDENT AT TENT-PEGGING.

Mr. Rees was unable to ride Bushgirl in the Hunter's Hurdle race at Calcutta on Saturday last. While tent-pegging with the Calcutta Light Horse and leaning forward to take a peg, the horse, a raw and troublesome one, bucked viciously and sent Mr. Rees flying into space. He fell heavily, receiving injuries which if not serious, are very painful.

DEATH OF REV. OSBORNE.

POONA, JAN. 26.

Rev. Dennis Osborne, a Minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church died through the bursting of a blood vessel of the brain, whilst travelling from Bangalore to Poona. He was brought to Poona, in an unconscious state and died on the midnight of Saturday at the Sassoon Hospital. The funeral took place on Saturday afternoon and was attended by a large concourse of people, the service being held in the church lately occupied by the deceased, which was crowded to the utmost extent. The Revd D. D. Fox gave an address. Later at the grave side the service was concluded by several Ministers of the Methodist's Denomination, at the conclusion of which a large concourse, which included the boys and girls of the Taylor High School, the Anglo-Indian Faith Mission Schools and a unique gathering of some fifty famine children sang the hymn "Peace Perfect Peace." He lost his father and mother in the massacre, at Cawnpore. The deceased was 57 years old, and leaves behind him a widow and family. A memorial service was held this evening.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

Colonel C. H. Joubert, I. M. S., has been nominated to succeed Colonel Franklin as Inspector-General, Civil Hospitals, Punjab.

The Dental Surgery for the troops at Quetta has given such satisfaction, that the question is being considered of attaching a special Dental Surgeon [illegible]and.

Provision to the extent of thirty-four lakhs of rupees is being made in the Home Estimates for 1902-03 in connection with the rearmament of the Native Army in India for twelve thousand carbines and thirty-eight thousand rifles to be supplied.

Proposals are before the Government of India for exempting Warrant and N. C. Officers and men from the Municipal bicycle tax in Cantonments.

The Secretary of State has sanctioned the construction by Government agency of a broad gauge line railway from Allahabad to Fyzabad, estimated to cost 117 lakhs of rupees.

The Home Government have requisitioned the establishment for Remount Depots in South Africa, and native personnel for one large Remount Depot which will be sent from India in charge of a British Officer.

Lieutenant-Colonels W. L. Lane, G. E. Weston and Captain T. R. McMara, R. A. M. C., proceed to England.

Lieutenants Lewis and Hart, R. A., are posted to the Native Mountain Artillery.

The posting of Lieutenant-Colonel Darby, R. A., to the Indian Establishment is cancelled.

The 23rd and 32nd Pioneers will be employed on road work on the frontier until the end of March.

The Cantonment farms will eventually require the establishment of ten officers and sixty subordinates, which will be gradually worked up to.

The Military authorities have been informed that the 5th Dragoon Guards and the 9th Lancers will probably be sent back from South Africa to India in April. The depot of the 20th Hussars will be sent Home. The depot of the 3rd Hussars remains in India, but any families who wish going Home, will be sent.

The British regiments in Burma are sending 500 seven-years' men to South Africa under orders recently issued. They will proceed from Rangoon to Bombay in the Canning, arriving at the latter port on February 15th.

Colonel Gore, Surveyor-General of India, goes on three months' privilege leave next month. Major Long will officiate for him, Major Burrard, Superintendent of the Dehra office, officiating as Deputy Surveyor-General.

Brigadier-General H. A. Abbott C. B., assumed command of the Allahabad District on Saturday.

The 32nd Pioneers are to be employed on road work on the Frontier until the end of March.

CLOSING OF THE PANNA COMMISSION.

ACCHE LAL SENTENCED TO DEATH AND OTHERS ACQUITTED.

GRAVE SUSPICION ATTACHES THE MAHARAJA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, JAN. 23.

The Panna Commission came to a close on Saturday last, when Messrs. Chamier and Tucker delivered judgment. As the result of the enquiry and trial the Commissioners find that there was a conspiracy to murder Rao Raja Khuman Singh, to which the Maharaja of Panna was a party, and that the object of the conspiracy was to get rid of the Rao Raja, in order to prevent his opposition to the contemplated marriage or attempt to get his marriage recognised between the Maharaja and Kamal Kuer. Both the Maharaja and Kamal Kuer are held to have had the motive for killing Rao Raja, but there is no evidence against Kamal Kuer, except that of Jugal, which is disbelieved, and she is therefore acquitted. Accha Lal is held to have been guilty without extenuating circumstances and is sentenced to death and the other accused are acquitted. A separate report upon the Maharajah has been submitted to the Viceroy, the contents of which were not divulged. The terms of the Governor-General's order of appointing the Commission stated that the enquiry was instituted, so far as the Panna Chief was concerned, with the object of affording the Maharaja "opportunity of freeing himself from a grave suspicion which attaches to him," but plainly he is not freed from suspicion, if he is declared an accomplice in the murderous conspiracy. This, we need hardly say, is the conclusion of the great gravity. So far as the Maharaja is concerned, the Commission is not a judicial body, but as Lord Northbrook said of the Commission in the trial of Malhar Rao of Baroda that merely commission "to help the Viceroy to decide rightly." It is not therefore inevitable that the Commissioners' conclusions concerning the complicity of the Maharaja of Panna, should be accepted by the Government of India. But on the hand to accept the Commission's findings in the case of the accused and reject them in the case of the Maharaja would obviously be the course which it would require the strongest reasons to justify. But the opinion on the grounds which have led the Commissioners to their conclusion in regard to the Maharaja cannot well be formed, until their special report to the Government is published, and it is in the highest degree desirable that the publication should not be long deferred.

RACING AT CALCUTTA.

A WINNING HORSE BOLTS.

CALCUTTA, JAN. 25.

To-day's meeting was productive of excellent sport. Out of a very full card there were some sensational finishes. There was a large attendance. Lady Curzon being among those present. The dead heat in the Selling Handicap, not only psovided an extra race, but a sensation. Melgin in the run off won easily, but could not be pulled up. He made a complete circuit of the course, and on coming opposite the weighing-room he tried to run through the rails and crashed into them, giving his jockey a bad fall. The boy was carried into the scale to be weighed in, and later, though sore, was no worse for the mishap. The horse was badly lamed.

HUNTERS' HURDLE RACE.

Mr. Orr's Dundonald, 9st. 11lbs.....Mr. Barton 1
Mr. Gresson's Montecarlo, 11st. 7lbs. .....Owner 2
Capt. Holden's Eldorado, 11st 6lbs. .....Burrow 3

Won by two and-a-half lengths; three lengths between second and third; time—3min. 31 2-5secs.

GANGES STAKES.

Mr. J. Scott's Ritual, 6st. 9lbs,.....Kamah 1
Mr. Gove's Chillagoe, 8st. 11b,.....Hoyt 2
The Sultan of Johore's Gaulme, 7st. 10lbs, Elahi 3

Ritual led the whole way and won by a length and-a-half; a length between second and third; time—1min. 31secs.

BENGAL STAKES.

Mr. B. B.'s Lady Olive, 9st. 4lbs.....Ramshaw 1
Capt. Darrell's Sister Sue, 9st .....Bence 2
Mr. Das's Farniente, 9st, 7lbs.....Southall 3

Won by half-a-length; two and-a-half lengths between second and third. Time—1min. 7 4-5secs.

THE CLUB STAKES.

Mr. Walmsley's Housemaid II., 8st. 3llbs. Penton 1
Mr. Bell Irwing's Suicide, 9st. 2lbs.....Bird 2
Mr. Boyle's First Guide 9st. 3lbs.....Hoyte 3

Won easily by two lengths. Time—1min 22 2-5secs.

THE PARK STAKES.

Mr. K. D. B.'s Promontory, 7st. 11b....Beechan 1
Mr. Chowdhurry's Wild Raven, 9st. 12lbs. Penton 2
Mr. Manning's Pollen, 7st. 8lbs.....Elliot 3

Promontory led from the start, and won by half-a-length; two lengths between second and third. Time—2min. 15 1-5secs.

SELLING HANDICAP.

Mr. Adam's Melgin, 7st. 8lbs.....Elliot 1
Mr. Rodoconachi Micky, 9st. 10lbs.....Robinson 2
Mr. Galstaun's Swirl, 8st. 4lbs...Southall } Dead
Mr. Chowdhury's Tecoota 7st. 6lbs. White } heat.

Splendid race. Micky led to the rails, and Melgin working up made a dead heat a neck off Swirl and Tecoota, who tied for third place. Time—1 min. 4secs.

In the run of Melgin won easily by two and-a-half lengths.

KEDLESTON STAKES.

Mr. Gove's Beau Brummel, 7st. 9lbs.....Hoyt 1
The Sultan of Johore's Carrara 7st. 4lbs. Penton 2
Mr. Galstaun's Beecher, 9st. 9lbs. .....Southall 3

Beau Brummel led the whole way and won by half-a-length; one and-a-half lengths between second and third. Time—1 min. 45 2-5secs.

"GAZETTE OF INDIA" NOTIFICATIONS.

CALCUTTA, JAN. 24.

REVENUE AND AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.

Mr. G. A. Stonier to be Chief Inspector of Mines in India.

Bombay reports an increase of fourteen thousand in numbers under famine relief; Rajputana and Central India also returning increases.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

The levy of bicycle and tricycle tax in Bombay is prohibited in case of warrant and N. C. O. and soldiers.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Lieut. Wallace, Royal Irish Rifles, to be extra A.-D.-C. to the Viceroy.

INDIAN STAFF CORPS.

Major G. B. O'Donnel to be Lieut.-Colonel and Lieutenants E. Tosh and F. Biggwither to be Captains.

Colonel S. J. M. Mancourt and Captain A. E. H Pinch are permitted to retire.

HYDERABAD VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

W. Ruddle to be Second-Lieutenant, vice Dunlop, promoted.

MALABAR RIFLES.

Major Welsh resigns his Commission.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Commander Brownlow has been granted twelve months' leave.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

Mr. L. Worgan is posted as Assistant Accountant General, Bombay, and Mr. R. Waterfield as Assistant Comptroller, Hyderabad.

Dr. Scully, Medical Superintendent, Indo-European Telegraphs, is granted eight months' leave.

Dr. Cormick is to officiate at Teheran during his absence.

BOMBAY HUNT.

We assembled a field of fifty-five sportsmen, graced by six of the fair sex at Parla yesterday morning. The numbers out this season are a sure proof of the popularity of our pack, and speak well for the sport shown by them. None of the preceding season produced such a succession of large fields as we have had this year. The morning was disappointingly warm, but to make up for the absence of cold, there was a heavy dew, giving promise of a good scent. The moon was shining brightly when we turned up at the meet, but its pale and somewhat deceptive light soon gave place to the brighter light of day, which is stronger, and more serviceable to ride across country by I We moved off down the usual lane in front of Parla village, and drawing the coverts soon came upon a fine big jack, who at first seemed uncertain of his direction. He started off over the paddy fields, and at one time it looked as if he would swing to the left and make for the railway, but fortunately changed his mind and circling right handed, crossed the Bomanwadi melon ground over a couple of nice cactus fences, and going along some more paddy fields made for the corner of Sahar hill. The wily one skirted Bomanwadi village, and crossing the side of the hill, went through the mango topes on the far side. A slight check occurred, but hounds soon took up the scent, and we emerged into the open to see Master Jack racing over more melon ground. The pack scurried after him, but he put on a spurt, jumped over the water pipe, and disappeared into a mango tope near Sahar village. The pace from then greatly increased. We had a merry gallop over the paddy bunds heading for the Backwater, keeping straight on we crossed the deep nullah, worked through a mango tope and swung right handed, making for the Iron bridge. We struck the Backwater close to a convenient ford, and after leaving the water, hounds carried the line over a small hill, and on to the Cooda Road. Crossing the road we came on another spell of open going over the fields, until we came to the foot of one of the Powai range of hills, over which the hounds swarmed. It was densely wooded and the branches of the trees being very low down, made it difficult for horse and rider to force their way through. Two nasty little stone walls had to be jumped, there being no way round them, which were not pleasant jumps to negotiate, as the lines were so close they gave very little space to take off. The wall was the means of bringing one gallant horse and rider down, but luckily neither were any the worse for the mishap. Going down the far side of the hill, hounds carried the line along a pleasant grassy valley, and crossed the Tansa pipe, swinging left handed they swarmed half way up the hill where the horse stands, and then the varmint doubled back over the pipe again, and re-crossed the valley. Hounds were pressing their quarry closely, and we were travelling at a good pace. Feeling his pursuers were so close behind him, the jack tried to breast one of the hills which form a horse shoe round the valley, but he was too done, and half way up the hill the beauties ran into him and killed him. The Master hurried through the obsequies and presented the brush to a lady who had been going strong. It had been a delightful run of 35 minutes, and though the pace at first was rather slow, it greatly improved in that respect once the Backwater was crossed. Hounds were trotted back to Sahar and close on 7-30 a few ardent spirits joined in the second venture. We found at the back of Sahar church, but our quarry was a cur, and refused to run. We crossed him to view through the village, and out into the open beyond. Taking almost identically the same line as in the first run we worked for the Backwater, and as the varmint was swimming across the water, hounds overtook him. The second run could not have lasted more than ten minutes from find to kill, and hounds were running him to view almost all through. The pace was very fast and we rattled over the paddy banks after leaving Sahar in grand style. We returned to camp, feeling we had greatly enjoyed our morning. It is sad to think the season is half over and we can only look forward to six weeks' more sport!

JORROCKS.

BOMBAY ART SOCIETY.

THE CONVERSAZIONE.

The members of the Bombay Art Society with their friends assembled in the Exhibition rooms of the Sir Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy School of Art on Saturday night to witness the distribution of the prizes gained in connection with this year's exhibition, by Mrs. Crowe. An exceedingly pleasant hour was spent in viewing the pictures, the company being large notwithstanding the existence of other powerful attractions in the city. In addition to the pictures there were installed in one of the corridors a number of "chokras" who practically demonstrated the methods employed in ornamental stencil work. Notwithstanding their youth these young artists displayed surprising proficiency and their work was watched with great interest. Several native enamel workers also gave an exhibition of their art. The proceedings were presided over by Sir Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy, and most of the more prominent patrons and members of the Society were present.

Sir Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy said that on behalf of the members of the Society it was his duty to welcome amongst them Mr. Justice Crowe and Mrs. Crowe. Their kindness would be appreciated all the more when he informed the assembly that in order to be present that evening they had given up another engagement. Art in India, as they all knew, was at one time cultivated assiduously, but in recent years it had, he was afraid, taken a back seat. However, they were doing their utmost to revive the old interest in art, and they were also doing their best to bring it within reach of the poorer classes.

Mrs. Crowe then distributed the prizes, after which Mr. F. York Smith proposed a vote of thanks to Mrs. Crowe for her attendance at the ceremony. Mr. Justice Crowe, he said, was the President of the Institution. He had always taken a great deal of interest in the exhibition, and had been of great assistance to the hanging committee. As one of the committee himself, he would like to say how grateful the Society were to the gentlemen who had given prizes for competition. The Society at present was rather in its infancy, and was still struggling on the road to popularity and prosperity. They were extremely glad for any support that they could get and they were much encouraged by Mrs. Crowe's presence.

Mr. Justice Crowe returned thanks on behalf of his wife. It had been a source of gratification to them both, he said, to take part in the proceedings that evening, and he knew that distributing prizes was always a labour of love so far as his wife was concerned. He thought they ought not to separate without acknowledging the great debt they owed to Mr. Burns for his indefatigable efforts in the interest of the Society and for all that he had done that year to make the exhibition successful.

Mr. Burns having thanked Mr. Crowe, and expressed his willingness to do anything that might help the Society on the road to prosperity, the gathering dispersed.

ROYAL BOMBAY YACHT CLUB.

SHIPS BOATS (FANCY RIG) RACE.—Sailed at 2-45 p.m. on Saturday.

Names of Boats	Time Al's	Entered by	Time of Correct-Arrival. ed Time	
	M S		H M S	H M S
P & O Calidonia's Cutter 23'	Scr	Mr H G Lewellin,	4 19 22	1 34 22
H M S Magdala's Cutter 26'.....	Scr	Lt G H S Le-Touche, R I M..	4 29 31	1 44 31
H M S Magdala's Cutter 27'.....	Scr	Lt J C Powles, R N.....	4 39 28	1 54 28
H M S Dudley's Cutter 25'.....	Scr	Mr E Sale	4 41 4	1 56 4
H M S Assaye's Cutter 25'.....	8 17	Surgn E Folliott..	4 43 5	1 49 48
H M S Magdala's Cutter 25'	5 55	Sub-Lt A H J Hamilton, R I M	4 46 6	1 55 11

Course No 1[illegible]Reversed—7-1 miles. Wind W by N. Strength moderate to light 1st Prize won by P and O Calidonia's Cutter 23'; and 2nd Prize won by H M S Magdala's Cutter 26'.

In the Handicap and Tomtit Class Races held the Boats had to finish at Hog Island. The results of these races will be published to-morrow.

MASONIC CONCERT AT THE TOWN HALL.

The concert given in the Town Hall on Saturday evening in aid of the Masonic charities was a distinct musical success, while the audience was fairly numerous. Other attractions elsewhere, however, doubtless interfered with the attendance and prevented the Hall being crowded, but the gathering was still large and the audience unmistakably indicated their enjoyment of the musical fare provided. The programme was pleasingly varied and the artistes, without exception, acquitted themselves successfully. Now that the Town Hall organ has been put in repair, it is not to be permitted to remain silent for lengthy intervals. It may be expected that it will be laid under contribution for most if not all the concerts given in the Hall in the future. In Saturday evening's programme the organ figured twice. Captain Condon opened with a familiar march from "Eli," which was very keenly appreciated and later on Mr. Faulkner played Reuklauf's Impromptu in G and a Prelude and Fugue in E Minor by Bach both of which captivated the audience. In both instances the organists played with the great skill and artistic taste that Bombay audiences expect from them. Another instrumentalist whose repute is too well established here to require the emphasis of his ability on every occasion is Signor Scrinzi. He delighted and astonished the numerous "accomplished" young persons in the audience, whose minds ran on the trials of pianoforte exercises, with his playing of Leschetitzki's "Andante Finale de Lucia" for the left hand only. Following this he brilliantly performed Rubinstein's "Etude in E Flat" and his masterly playing was acknowledged at the close by very warm applause. The pianoforte used during the concert was the full concert grand piano which has been given to the city by Messrs. Erard through their Bombay agents Messers. Marcks and Co. for concerts in the Town Hall. This instrument, we believe, is the only full concert grand piano at present in Bombay and until Signor Scrinzi's performance on Saturday evening there had been no opportunity for its superb quality of tone being favourably heard. With this splendid instrument and the great organ the Concert Hall of Bombay is equipped as is no other hall in India. Madame Schultz was in excellent voice and sang Strauss' joyous "Das leben ist so schoen" charmingly and had to respond to demands for more, her second effort being equally successful. Miss Pharoz Kabrajee also scored a success with Vainka's song and the audience strongly desired to hear her again, but she modestly declined the recall. Mrs. Bollam's singing of "Beloved, it is morn" was very acceptible and the cordial approval with which it was received led to a second song which was also warmly applauded. Mr. H. O. Coates sang "Beauty's Eyes" tastefully and the vocal items of the programme in the first part concluded with Pinsuti's "Good night, Beloved" most artistically given as a quartette by Messrs. C. E. Copplestone, Telford Hewson, C Copparde and W. Waite. That vigorous Italian singer Signor Molini opened the second part of the programme with Gastaldon's "Musica Proibita." His style is dramatic and his most robust efforts effective enough to evoke great applause. As on the first occasion when he burst upon a Bombay audience he was loudly applauded and encored. Miss Proctor who is always most cordially welcomed gave "A Winter Love Song" with all the charm of voice and accomplished method with which she invariably delights her audience and had to contribute a second song which was as pleasing as the first. Mrs. Macbeth sang the pretty song called "Violets," effectively and played the accompaniment for Mr. Astell's violin solo. This latter item was a "Bacchanalian Dance" by Edward German and Mr. Astell played it with his accustomed brilliance. The Lyric quartette closed a most enjoyable entertainment with Schaffer's "Come Away" which was as greatly appreciated as their earlier contribution.

ARRIVAL OF THE TRANSPORT ASSAYE.

The hired transport Assaye, under the command of Captain G. W. F. Browne, arrived in harbour early on Saturday morning from Southampton, which port she left on the 4th January, and called at Port Said on the 14th and Aden on the 19th idem. She brought drafts for various regiments consisting of 82 officers, 15 ladies, and 4 children, 11 warrant officers, 11 women, and 13 children, and 913 non-commissioned officers and men, 51 women, and 72 children. The troops will leave for Deolali in special troop trains from the Sassoon Dock. The drafts of 4th Hussars; 2nd Royal Scots; 2nd Suffolk Regiment; 1st Bedford Regiment; and Royal Engineers, will be attached to Colaba Depot pending despatch to their destinations.

The following are the names of the officers :—

Col N B Major, R A M C
Lieut-Col and Mrs B G Lewis and daughter, 2nd East Lanc Regt
Bt Lieut Col A N Lysaght, 2nd R I Regt
Major R E Buist, R A M C
Major H C Kinloch, K R Rifle Corps
Capt Battine, 15th Hussars
Lieut S H Charrington, 15th Hussars
2nd Lieut F H Sykes, 15th Hussars
Lieut Lord F T Hamilton, Temple Blackwood D SO 9th Lancers
2nd Lieut G D MacMahon, 1st Hants Regt
2nd Lieut G Fleming, 1st Som L I
2nd Lieut V B Thurston, 1st Dorset Regt
2nd Lieut O W Smith, 1st Dorset Regt
2nd Lieut T A Bolton, 2nd York and Lanc
2nd Lieut J O Strong, 1st R Scots Fusiliers
Capt L B Scott, 1st North Stafford
Capt H E P Nash, 2nd Rl Scots
Major A B King, 2nd Rl Irish Regt
2nd Lieut H A W Creagh, 1st E Surrey Regt
2nd Lieut L Forbes, 1st Shropshire L I
Capt E H Chapman, 2nd Yorkshire Regt
2nd Lieut H C H Smith, Scottish Rifles
Lieut C W Melvill, 2nd South Lanc
2nd Lieut C P Rowley, R G A
Lieut F E Mascall, R G A
Capt W C E Rudkin, R F A
Lieut P M C Trench, R H A
2nd Lieut F H Maynard, Unattached List
2nd Lieut A F Inglis, South Lanc Regt
2nd Lieut A F Redfern, 1st Devonshire Regt
Lieut W B Hare, 1st West York Regt
2nd Lieut H A H Henderson, 1st India Regt
2nd Lieut W B Macleod West India Regt
2nd Lieut G D Rice, 2nd Rl Munsters Fusiliers
2nd Lieut J F Parkin, A S Corps
2nd Lieut J A Jones, Rl Warwickshire Regt
2nd Lieut E W O Sandes, R E
2nd Lieut H B Clarke R E
2nd Lieut L Lovett Thomas R E
2nd Lieut R C Ivens Thomas R E
2nd Lieut P C S Gileson, Lanc Regt
2nd Lieut W N Thomson, High Lt I
2nd Lieut A O Sutherland Border Regt
Capt G T Scott, R E
2nd Lieut E R Ellis, 2nd West R Regt
Capt A F Bacon 1st Northampton Regt
Capt R W Rawlins 1st Northampton Regt
2nd Lieut E R Twiss, 1st Devon Regt
2nd Lieut W J Walters, R A M C
Lieut and Mrs H A Rogers, R A M C
Capt A S Ash 1st Cheshire Regt
Lieut F C T Ewald, 1st North Stafford
Capt G A West R F A
Major A F A Lyle, Shropshire L I
2nd Lieut C C McLennan Unattached List
2nd Lieut W Campbell High L I
2nd Lieut E W E Milman 1st South Lan c. Regt
2nd Lieut C G Hoare Worcester Regt
2nd Lieut W C Kir Rwood Lin Colo Regt
2nd Lieut H Gardiner Yorkshire Regt
2nd Lieut G S Cooper, R F A
2nd Lieut G R Backer R F A
Lieut A J Chichester R F A
Capt H M Beasley, R G A
Capt and Mrs J S Barsham and child, 1st West York Regt
Capt and Mrs H A Stalkartt, R A M C
Lieut H F Canafield, R F A
Major and Mrs E S Gilmau, 1st S W Borderer
Capt and Mrs A M Perrean, R F A
Major and Mrs F R Drake, R G A
Major and Miss A L Walker, R F A
Capt and Mrs H J Eaton Evans, and child R F A
Major F J Grant, R G A
Capt and Bt Major L L Maxwell 2 Beng Lancers
Capt S J C P Perry, R A M C
2nd Lieut F A Dixon R F A.
Capt and Mrs G B Rice, I S Corps
Lieut H R Nutt, I M S
Lieut H B Foster, I M S
Hony Major and Mrs J J Herton Bennett Ord Dept
2nd Lieut J St A King, 1st Warwickshire Regt
Rev J P Baynes, acting Chaplain
Rev Cannon J Mc Carton, acting Chaplain
Miss M C Barker, Nursing Sister
Miss H A Mills, Nursing Sister
Miss E B Greenwood, Nursing Sister

The Bombay and Punjab Governments are submitting estimates to the Government of India regarding famine expenditure in the coming financial year.

The Hon'ble Mr. Fraser, Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces, accompanied by Mr. Craddock, Commissioner of Nagpur, left Nagpur on Tuesday for a tour in the Chanda District, which is at present under settlement. He will return to Nagpur next month to receive the Irrigation Commission.

The Weather report for the week ending 23rd instant states that practically no rain fell, except light showers, in the Brahmaputra Valley. The season deficiency is now over two inches in Baluchistan and in the Simla subdivision, 1 3-4 inches in Ludhiana, one inch in Lahore, and three-quarters of an inch in the dry north-west division of the Punjab.

BOMBAY RACES.

SEVENTH EXTRA MEETING.

LEADING JOCKEY BADLY INJURED.

The race course at Mahalaxmi on Saturday was again thronged with an interested crowd. The Governor's box contained a party from Government House, among whom were H. E. the Governor and Lady Northcote, and Sir Edward Cassell, who has but recently arrived in Bombay. On the whole a very pleasant after noon was spent, though the proceedings were marred by a rather serious accident to Churchward. In the Hopeful Stakes in which there was a field of sixteen horses, a collision occurred at the start, and Churchward who was riding Artist—a horse who was expected to at least secure a place, was heavily thrown. He was carried from the field with a broken collar bone. It is therefore not likely that he will be seen on the course for some time to come. His accident was all the more unfortunate coming as it did so nearly before the big meeting. Betting as a rule was rather more cautious than usual. Professional sportsmen had their work cut out to indicate a decent amount of speculation, perhaps this was because backers were saving up their energies for the meetings a week or two hence. One of the features of the day's racing was Governor's double event. In the Selling Plate he started at odds on and won the event in capital style. Perhaps because of his success last week people thought that it was too much to expect him to pull off the Welter Plate also, especially as he was starting at top weight. At any rate he was hardly given a thought and those who were fortunate enough to support him had a good time. In the Newmarket Plate Overture, the favourite, also won his race after a very exciting finish. An objection was laid against him by the owner of Here's Luck for bumping, but it was over-ruled after considerable suspense. Chota Saheb won his event in capital style, negociating a big field in a way that delighted his supporters. The rest of the racing created food for contemplation for some who had come to the ground prepared for certainties. The following are the details of the racing :—

The Maiden Plate.—Winner, Rs. 200; second Rs. 100; and third, Rs. 50. For Maiden Arab Ponies 13-3 and under measured since 31st March, 1899, and which have not won races value Rs. 100 or over of the aggregate value of Rs. 900, 13-3 to carry 8st. 12lbs.; W. I. Penalties—Winner since 31st March, 1899 of race value Rs. 100 or over: once, 5lbs.; twice, 7lbs.; three times, 10lbs.; oftener, 14lbs. Distance—6 furlongs.

H H Maharaja Holkar's ch a h Gallant, 9st 2lbs ..... C B Mahomed 1
Messrs G K and D D's g a h Dispute, 9st 5lbs ..... Omerkhan 2
Mr Faraj bin Sanad's b a h Nasiralla, 8st 11b ..... Robertson 3

Betting: 6 to 4 on Gallant, 6 to 4 against Dispute, 6 to 1 against Nasaralla.

Nasaralla led all the way to the bend, but there the favourite took the lead. At the distance Dispute challenged but Gallant won in a canter by four lengths. Time—1min. 24secs.

The Selling Plate.—Winner, Rs. 200; second, Rs. 100; and third, Rs. 50. A selling race for Arab Ponies 13-3 and under. 13-3 entered for Rs. 1,500 to carry 10st. W. I. 3lbs. allowed for each Rs. 100 down to Rs. 500. Allowances—Ponies, new measurement, 7lbs.; Maidens, 5lbs. Ponies not won a race value Rs. 100, 10lbs. (not accumulative).—Distance 1-2 mile.

Mr Fischer's ch a h Governor, 8st 7lbs .....Omerkhan 1
Mr A M Bushari's ch a d Shah Jahan, 7st Noor Mahomed 2
Mr E's ch a h Glencoe 8st..... Dhondi 3
Mr A S Omer's g a h Sirdar, 7st 11b..... Native 0

Betting; 5 to 2 on Governor, 5 to 2 against Shah Jehan, the rest long odds.

The race: Governor jumped away at the commencement with Shah Jehan behind The position was not altered, the favourite winning easily by two lengths. Time—55secs.

The Chinchpoogly Stakes.—Winner, Rs. 200; second, Rs. 100; and third, Rs. 50. For Maiden Arab Horses. W. A. reduced 7lbs. Penalties—Winners since 31st March, 1899, of a race value Rs. 100 or over: once, 5lbs.; twice, 10lbs.; oftener 14lbs. Winners since the above date of races value as above of the aggregate value of Rs. 900, 5lbs. In addition to above penalties. Allowances—Ponies 14 hands and under, old measurement, 5lbs.; new measurement, 12lbs. Distance—7 furlongs.

Mr A A Amer's b a h Fakir, 11 8st 10lbs .....Soda 1
Mr Farmer's ch a h Sandow, 8st 12 lb. .....O'Neil 2
Mr Ali Bin Talib's g a h Reeman, 9st 11bs.....Heerod 3
Mr Mathuradass Goculdas ch a h Feeroze, 8st 10lbs. ..... Thomas 0
Mr Artin A Essayie's g a h Grafter, 8st 10lbs..... Nama 0
Messrs G K and D D's b a h Kutchra, 8st 10lbs..... Omerkhan 0
Mr Iskunder's ch a h Lord Roberts, 8st 3lbs.....Noormahomed 0
Mr Finch's b a h Tamerlane, 8st 3lbs.....C B Mahomed 0

Betting: six to four against Tamerlane, 4 to 1 Reeman and Sandow, 5 to 1 Grafter; 8 to 1 Fakir II and

Arab and C. B. Ponies 14 hands and under. G. Rs. (Professionals who have not won a race value Rs. 200 allowed.) Distance—6 furlongs.

Mr Fiskin's ch a h Governor, 10st 7lbs ..... Owner 1
Mr A R Amer's b a h Sweet William, 9st 3lbs .. Native 2
Mr Jame's ch a h Nonpariel 8st 13lbs ..... Robertson 3
Mr E's ch ch m Lady Betty, 10st 3lbs ..... Capt Morris 0
Captain Wood's ch ah Lordling, 10st 11lbs ..... Owner 0
Mr Chotalal M. Vorsa g a h Analiza, 9st 12lbs .... Karim 0
Major England's b a h Naughty Boy 9st 4lbs .... Owner 0

Betting: Nonpariel evens, Governor 5 to 1, Lady Betty and Analiza 6 to 1; 10 to 1 the rest.

Sweet William made the running with Nonpariel close on too. Governor came past, Nonpariel at the bend and finally drew out to the, front beating Sweet William by three quarters of a length. Time —1min 2·5secs.

"EAST AND WEST."

The January number of "East and West" comes out again with a strong contingent of contributors Indian and European. Mdlle. Lucie Felix Fowle leads off, with a bright little prose-poem, entitled "The Hour of Lights." She is followed by H. H. the Maharaja of Baroda with a protest against the system of education now prevalent at the Colleges for Native Princes and Chiefs at Rajkot, Ajmere and Indore. The Gaikwar writes with a clear comprehension of the requirements of men of his class, in the way of education; and what he has to say will, no doubt, receive attention. His Highness points out specific defects in the system, and suggests specific remedies. Some of these may appear to be rather heroic, considering the material to be dealt with. But on the whole, the ruler of Baroda makes no undue demand on the reforming zeal of our educational authorities. "French Canadians under English Rule" is the theme of a paper by Mons. Andre Siegfried. It is a sympathetic appreciation of the political position in Canada, reflecting credit alike on the French subjects and their English rulers. Prof. Sattbianadhan gives a thoughtful and suggestive article on "The Indian Village Community," which aims at upsetting some of the cherished theories on the subject. This is followed by a "Petition to H. E. Lord Curzon" on behalf of the rural community in India. The petitioner, calling himself Ramji bin Rowji, opens up one of the sore spots on our administration. But what is to be the remedy? Mr. Francis Watt of the Middle Temple contributes an amusing article on "A Custom of Kent." Mr. G. M. Tripathi's paper on "Marriage Forms under Ancient Hindu Law" is continued in this number and there is a particularly good article from Mr. G. C. Whitworth, on "The Murder of Women." His complaint is well-founded and has often been made by judges in this country. Several other articles contributed by experts, a review of Mr. W. Digby's book, and some thoughtful Editorial Notes make up the contents of the opening number of "East and West" for 1902.

KANARA CATHOLIC ASSOCIATION.

The first annual general meeting of the members of the Kanara Catholic Association, Bombay, was held at "The Retreat, Mazagon, on Sunday, the 19th inst. Dr. C. Fernandes, L. M. S., M. D., President of the Association, being in the chair. The following resolution to which priority was given, was recorded in connection with the lamented death of the late Rao Saheb S. F. Brito, of Mangalore:—

"That this meeting records with the deepest regret its sense of the great loss our community has sustained in the death of Rao Saheb S. F. Brito, one of the foremost and most distinguished men of Mangalore who, during his life time by his many-sided activities as a citizen, as a lawyer, as a member of the District Board and finally as chairman of the Mangalore Municipality, had worked zealously and assiduously in the cause of his community, as well as of the public at large; and whose lamented death, this meeting fears, has been hastened by his recent praiseworthy efforts to obtain a nomination to the Legislative Council of Madras, alone of all Indian Catholics, that a copy of this resolution be forwarded to his sorrowing widow and to his bereaved mother for information.

The report of the Managing Committee which was unanimously adopted showed not only very creditable work done during the past year but also that the Association was making steady progress and that the number of members on the rolls was rapidly increasing. Among other things it was resolved to present an address on the occasion of the Coronation of His Most Gracious Majesty the King-Emperor in a suitable sandalwood casket specially obtained from Kanara, the address to take the shape of a booklet of verses, if possible, in the various languages spoken in both the divisions of Kanara. A proposition brought forward for altering the name of the association to the "Mangalorean Association" was negatived after a very animated discussion. Votes of thanks were passed to His lordship the Bishop of Mangalore for his kind interest in the Association and to the Editor of the "Mangalore Magazine."

The following gentlemen were elected as the new Managing Committee:—President: Dr. C. Fernandes, L.M. and S., M.D. Vice-President; Mr. F. L. Silva, Secretary: Mr. T. L. F. Mascarinhas, Treasurer: Mr. E. Alvares. Members; Messrs. A. G. Saldanha, P. F. X. Vas, L.C.E., C. F. Noronha, J. L. Saldanha, B.A., D. B. Pinto, B.A. LL.B., A. F. Theodore, and S. J. Noronha, B.A.

A HINDU FESTIVAL.

YESTERDAY was the feast day of a Hindu shrine at Walkeshwar, Banganga, and at noon the lower road leading to Bombay's holy city was crowded with pious Hindus, from every quarter of the town. Bunniahs, Marwaris hailing from Mandvie and the Moti Bagh being conspicuous in the procession. Carriages drawn by four well-matched horses were numerous, with coachman, syces and outriders, clad in bright new uniforms, and those seated in the vehicles being shaded by magnificent huge umbrellas, crimson, gold, blue or green. Brass Bands, their members in uniform, were there by the score, and every sort of vehicle filled the road, all going at a walking pace, the pedestrians were in thousands. At the close came the women, dutifully bringing up the rear, their brilliant silk saris modestly shading their faces. The worshippers lost no time over their puja. While the bands played, they made their offerings, and returned as they came to the city in four horse coaches and less ambitious vehicles. It is on an occasion like this that the philosopher sees how little modern ideas have disturbed the real hearts of the people. What are the crowds who come to the Town Hall to listen to speeches on the Land Revenue Bill or on a Memorial to Mr. Justice Ranade, or even to commemorate Her Late Majesty, compared, to the concourse that poured into Walkeswar yesterday afternoon? As one white fringed wave that breaks on a sheltered shore to the limitless fields of the ocean.

DECCAN BANKING CORPORATION (IN LIQUIDATION).

The adjourned general meeting of the shareholders depositors, etc., of this Corporation was held at the registered office of the company, 19, Churchgate Street, Fort, on Saturday afternoon. Mr. S. R. Bunshah, liquidator, occupied the chair. After reading the advertisement convening the meeting, he read a report touching on the matter of calls, statements of accounts of both the Bombay and Madras offices, realization of various claims, decrees, etc., and the liabilities of the Corporation. Resolutions were then passed for adopting and passing the accounts made up to 30th September, 1901, of both the Bombay and Madras Offices, requesting the liquidator to desist from making further calls on certain shareholders, granting an additional remuneration to the liquidator on account of the prolonged period to which the liquidation has extended, and asking him to finish the liquidation as soon as possible, distributing the assets in hand after providing for all necessary expenses and contingencies. After a vote of thanks to the chairman the meeting separated.

There will be a meeting of the Managing Committee of the N.-W. P. Queen Victoria Memorial Fund at Allahabad next Friday, to select the sculptor to whom the commission for the statue of Her late Majesty Queen Victoria is to be given: finally to pass the draft advertisement calling for designs for canopies; and to consider certain proposals for local memorials. At present the following districts, by subscribing Rs. 25,000 and upwards, have qualified for local memorials:—Allahabad, Agra, Bulandshahr, Badaun, Benares, Cawnpore, Farukhabad, Etawah, Moradabad Mutira and Gorakhpur.

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FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

AMERICAN COTTON.

BRITISH TRADE WITH BRAZIL.

THE CHEMICAL TRADE.

LONDON, JAN. 10.

The question of questions now in regard to Indian Cottons is whether the comparatively large receipts at the ports will keep up or whether they are only temporary. Bears think that it is a case of the handwriting on the wall, that anything less than 10,000,000 bales is out of the question in the face of such arrivals, and that the crop is more likely to be at least 10,500,000 bales. Some of the bulls themselves begin to look thoughtful as they see receipts at the ports day after day running up to 50 and 60 thousand bales, and privately admit that they would just as lief see a falling off. Still there is an undercurrent of confidence among outside operators in cotton who buy on any decline, and, what is more to the point perhaps, some of the big "spot" houses are also understood to have bought freely within the last two weeks. It is averred that they have bought January in some cases and sold the later months, for instance March and May, and even to some extent July. To-day, however, most of the notices for between 30,000 and 40,000 bales of January are said to have found their way back to the issuers. At one time there was some talk to the effect that the widening of the differences would seriously militate against the plans of the bulls, but to-day March was only 9 points over January and May 20 points over, figures which are not regarded as satisfactory by those who would be quick to take advantage of more profitable differences. The certificated stock here has risen to 55,000 bales, and in the coming month is expected to reach something like 75,000. Meantime the total amount of cotton in sight up to date is 55,374 bales less than for the same time last season, 574,228 more than in 1899, and 1,070,000 less than in 1898. In a week's time, some authorities believe, we shall have caught up to last season. Than how about crop estimates of 9,700,000 bales? One thing is certain—if receipts continue at anything like their present rate the crop estimates will be raised. The receipts at Houston are regarded by the Greeks as significant. They are only about 10 per cent. behind last year, and if these close observers are correct the indications point to a filling up of the gap in a very short time. Still the Greeks and other large interests are bears. That fact should be borne in mind and in looking at the matter it would be nothing more than human that occasionally, at least, the wish should be father to the thought. Yet, statistics aside, the outside public, as already intimated, seems disposed to buy on any set-back in prices. Trade is good, some mills are sold well ahead into next year, prices have latterly improved, yarns are higher in the South, and American mills are supposed to be carrying very moderate stocks of raw material. If receipts should diminish in the near future it is believed that spinners will enter the market and buy freely. That the Continent is buying is patent to everybody, and it looks to bulls here as though Lancashire was also more disposed to take hold. Private despatches from the Carolinas say that large Philadelphia spot interests are buying all the cotton they can get hold of. And bulls here who ran away from the January notices replaced that month with March or May, or else July or August. The business in July and August has noticeably increased of late. Some of the more radical believers in cotton in the South think that before the season is out we shall see 12 1-2c., and some Liverpool letters predict 5d. there. In New York there are not wanting enthusiasts who believe that decidedly interesting developments await the trade this season; that if the Government has come within gunshot of the fact in regard to the crop the price must soar and reserve supplies be practically obliterated before the close of the season. But prices during the next few weeks will be governed very largely by receipts. The Government report is by no means burnt powder as yet, but it has lost some of its power, and unless it is seemingly substantiated by a light movement during January many who are now bullish will be strongly inclined to take the other tack. A southern bear takes this view: "Notwithstanding that Bureau says that Alabama, Georgia, South Carolina, and North Carolina will make a crop about 225,000 bales less than last year, the movement to date in those States this year exceeds last year by 12 per cent, and this week exceeds last year by 50 per cent. Receipts of Sea Island cotton have increased materially, but the price holds steady, though a little shading is reported in a few cases. The strength of the Sea Island market is attributed to the belief in a short crop. Some correspondents say that the crop is made, and that cattle are being turned into the fields. It is said that at some points most of the cotton in planters' hands has been marketed, and that by the first of the year little will remain with any of them. A further rise in prices is predicted for after the holidays, when it is argued, the demand from spinners will be renewed. Hagan Georgia writes:—"Sea Island cotton worth 19c. to 20c. here. Most of the cotton that was being held for higher prices went last week. As previously reported, very little will remain unsold here by January 1."

The Rev. Joseph Orton, writes from the province of Rio de Janeiro a letter on British trade, which is quoted in part:—I notice that the tendency of British goods is to conserve their high price, while steadily losing their good name as highclass products; whereas German and United States products can be bought for about half the price, and have equal or even better qualities that the English article. I myself wear out a good many pairs of spectacles in travelling, and in this article I find that of German make at five milreis (about 5s.) the pair, to be a far better made, more satisfactory, and more lasting article than an English made one at 30s. From my own experience I could give a long list of very irritating shortcomings in high-price British goods—shortcomings certainly due to carelessness in the making and carelessness in the final overlooking for defects. Little by little British trade is being beaten up here in these country districts, and the only two articles which still hold their ground are sewing cotton and pocket knives. English-made saddles have a very good name, but, as an ordinary one costs about 300 milreis (£15), it will be seen that only millionaires can buy them. English-made boots enjoy good fame, which, I am sorry to say, however, is being lost through bad workmanship; a very ordinary pair (men's) costs 40 to 50 milreis (£2 to £2 10s.). As for agricultural implements, need I say that they are nearly all marked New York? It will be noticed, then, that two defects are pointed out in British goods—exorbitant price and a steadily lowering rate of quality. This is not all. There is a lack of enterprise on the part of British trade which is very galling to a patriot. I have seen United States and German trade journals translated into very good Portuguese, and scattered about everywhere. In the heart of Brazilian primeval forest the hunter and explorer have in their huts the latest intelligence from New York and Berlin exporting houses. Only a few days ago, at a big fazenda, the owner showed me plans of different instruments in a New York engineering magazine which he intended buying. Had the magazine been an English one our own trade would have got the order. It is comforting to reflect that in 1900 one-third of the imports came from British sources. But we should, of course, be sorry to think that there was a tendency to "rest and be thankful," instead of being "up and doing."

The following circular has been issued by Sacre & Co., of Brazenose Street Manchester, chemical agents, etc:—"We are disposed to think that when the accounts for the year are made up it will be found the results are not below the average, in the Chemical Trade. Certainly there were periods when business seemed almost at a standstill, as far as new orders were concerned, and when the constantly increasing attacks of foreign competition, both at home and abroad, had a gloomy influence, but both manufacturers and merchants were as a rule largely booked already from the previous autumn, at good margins. This compensation benefitted makers increasingly as contracts for coal, &c., fell in, and has altogether affected the average result all round favorably. But it is certainly time our British manufacturers woke up and faced this question of foreign competition in a whole-hearted and determined manner. Were it not for the one advantage named above, the year would have been a disastrous one. The foreigner is present now in all our hitherto proprietary ports, and whereas he used to come to us for supplies, he now makes his own goods and competes for our best customers; our methods are too often quite out of date, and our plant obsolete. This is not all, the ever increasing value of imports shows he brings his products to our own doors, with all the cost of transit against him, and yet successfully annexes the trade of the manufacturer actually on the spot. What a number of branches of manufacture which were ours solely 25 years ago are now defunct at home! the foreigner has them and they have not been replaced. Were it not for our natural advantages in the possession of salt and coal and an extensive seaboard, it is hard to say what our position would be to-day in the world of Chemical Production. During the year consumers have been generally well employed, and have been able to take their contracted-for quantities with moderate regularity, thus keeping makers tolerably free from stocks, and it will be found there are not very large balances to be carried over as far as the home trade is concerned. The Export branch has had an increasing turnover, the figures for Alkali and Bleach being 231,050 tons, compared with 218,780 tons during the corresponding period of 1900, but on the other hand the imports of Alkali, mainly German, have increased 50 per cent. The Sundries Department figures give a slight increase in the Exports, but a very strong increase in the Imports; in short, our tendency is to buy instead of make for ourselves. Values have been fairly steady, the position being that makers were heavily sold and largely independent of the market. In view of a new output, Bleach offered a temptation to speculators to "bear" prices, and to some extent they were successful, but altogether the average of prices works out higher than for some years past. The principal event of the year has been the proved commercial success of the Electrolytic process. For simplicity, economy and the purity of its products it marks a new era in chemical processes, and is a distinct menace to makers of Bleach Bicarbonate of Soda Ash, Soda Crystals, &c., under the older methods. The outlook for the New Year is not of the most encouraging character. Although a large bulk of forward business has been placed it is below the average in quantity and is at distinctly lower prices, while the producer has to face greater cost in salt and acid. However the feeling at this time of the year is always largely optimistic; cheap money, revival of German Commerce, American enterprise, peace, and a new spurt in the commerce of the world are some of the factors that go to make up the hope of the future."

Now that we are in the new year, renewed attention is likely to be given to the question of the French import duties on produce from British possessions. It is already well known that, under a French law dated February 24, 1900, maximum and minimum tariffs were created on colonial produce—coffee, chocolate, pepper, all-spice, pimento, amomums, cardamoms, cinnamon, cassia-lignea, nutmeg, mace, cloves, manilla, and tea,—whereas previously there had only been a general tariff. As the British colonies (Canada, excepted) do not enjoy the minimum tariff on importation of their produce into France, having no treaty, the law referred to was a matter of great moment to them. By several decrees, however, the application of the maximum tariff was postponed until February 24, 1902, the limit of the delay provided for by the law of February 24, 1900, and it was with a certain amount of anxiety that developments were awaited as to the intentions of the French Government, particularly as regards the treatment of the British colonies. Light is thrown on the present position of the matter by a summary of a bill recently laid before the French Chamber of Deputies by the Minister of Commerce, Industry, Posts and Telegraphs, the Minister of the Colonies, the Minister of Finances, and the Minister of Foreign Affairs, which we find in the monthly circular of the British Chamber of Commerce of Paris. In the preamble to this bill it is pointed out that by the aid of the law of February 24, 1900, it has been possible for France to enter into seven treaties whereby, in exchange for the application of the minimum tariff to colonial produce coming from the respective countries with which treaties have been concluded, favoured treatment will be extended by them to certain articles of French origin. The treaties entered into are as follows:—(1) July, 1900, Brazil; (2) 30th July, 1900, the Republic of Hayti; (3) 9th January, 1901, the Republic of Salvador; (4) 12th June, 1901 Demark, for Danish West Indies; (5) 7th June, 1901, Republic of Costa Rica; (6) 27th June, 1901, British Government as regards Zanzibar; (7) 19th November, 1901, Independent State of the Congo (awaiting ratification). Similar negotiations are being carried on with other countries, and in order to complete them authority is now taken from the French Chambers to confer provisionally, for one year from February 24, 1902, the minimum tariff on colonial produce imported from such countries as follow:—United States of North America, Porto Rico, Peru, Guatemala, British India, Ceylon, Mauritius, Seychelles, Jamaica, Dutch Indies, Independent State of the Congo, German possessions in Africa, Spanish possessions of Fernando Po, Annobon Corisco, Elobey, and the West Coast of Africa. The attention of the Government is also called to the fact that there are certain States or Territories to which it would appear perfectly equitable to apply the minimum tariff of the law of February 24, 1900, without asking in return anything more than a continuation of the treatment at present applied to French produce, which in each case is that of the most favoured nation. Authority is therefore asked to grant to such States or Territories the benefits of the minimum tariff on colonial produce, so long as they shall continue to extend to France most favoured nation treatment. The countries here referred to are China, Korea, Ethiopia, Siam, Republic of Liberia, Muscat, Straits Settlements, Malay Federated States, and Hong Kong. This bill has been referred to the Customs Committee for consideration, after which it will come before the French Chambers for final discussion.

Messrs. Hubbard Brothers and Co.'s circular on the American cotton position dated New York, December 31, is appended. It will be observed that while the circular reports a general bullish view in New York, it is admitted that the actual movement into sight during the next few weeks will, more than perhaps ever before, be taken into account as an all-important indicator. "We are now at the turn of the year, with the movement about that of last season and the markets all looking forward to advancing prices later in the season when the movements shall fall below that of last year. It is difficult to find in all of the markets more than a score of merchants who hold an opinion opposed to that which is dominant throughout the trade. This bullish opinion is based on the belief that the present heavy movement of the crop is most misleading and must be attributed solely to delayed transportation and not to a larger crop than the current estimate. Starting with the movement the same as last season at the beginning of the year, it is held that it must be from now on the heaviest movement on record to realise the average estimate of the different exchanges throughout the world. Or it must exceed the movement of last season week by week to bring into sight a commercial crop as large as the amount which came into sight last season. As a result of the Bureau estimate, the trade has so reduced its views as to the yield that it does not believe there is as much cotton in the country as there was at this time last season. Had not the estimate of the Bureau been so small the receipts would have created the belief that the crop is in excess of last year. It is evident the large outside long interest now in all the markets will wait for further proof that they are not correct in their views as to the ultimate course of prices. They find the trade agreeing with their views as to crop and prices, while the only opposition they see anywhere is the lack of faith amongst the spinners of the world that there will not be more than enough cotton to supply the requirements. At the moment it seems likely that the movement during January will exceed that of last season, while the receipts in Texas, where the crop is relatively the shortest, are on a scale beyond expectation. Thus we enter the new year with the trade in all the markets looking for higher prices and expecting a falling off in the movement as compared with last year which will sustain this view. Therefore it is evident that the movement will be scrutinised each day with intense attention, and that the course of prices will be decided by it and not by opinions as to the ultimate yield. This is a condition so plain that the market will be controlled by the facts and the facts alone."

BOMBAY UNIVERSITY SENATE.

The annual meeting of the Bombay University Senate was held on Saturday evening in the Sir Cowasji Jehanghir Hall of the University, the Hon. Mr. Justice E. T. Candy, the Vice-Chancellor, presiding.

HONOUR TO DR. CHOKSEY.

The Vice-Chancellor said that before they began their business, he had a very pleasant duty to perform. A letter from the University of Freiburg had been received, intimating that the medical faculty of that University had conferred upon Khan Bahadur N. H. Choksey, L. M. and S., of the Arthur Road Hospital, Bombay, the degree of M. D., *honoris causa* on account of his researches in the investigation of the nature and origin of plague and of the cordial assistance given by him to the German *sojourns* who visited Bombay to study plague and requesting that the diploma of the degree which accompanied the letter might be bestowed on him in an appropriate manner. The Vice-Chancellor accordingly handed over the diploma to Dr. Choksey.

BIENNIAL ELECTION OF THE REGISTRAR.

The Hon. Mr. E. Giles moved that Dr. D. MacDonald, B. Sc., C. M., be elected Registrar for the ensuing two years. In support of his motion Mr. Giles said that Dr. MacDonald had been the Registrar of the University for many years and had won the confidence of the University.

Principal Macmillan seconded the proposition, which was carried.

RECOGNITION OF SIND AND GUJARAT LAW CLASSES.

The Hon. Mr. N. G. Chandavarkar proposed that, as recommended by the Syndicate, the Sind and Gujarat Law Classes be recognised in the Faculty of Law for the purposes of the first L. L. B. Examination, till the end of 1902 and that such recognitions should take effect from the date of expiration of their previous recognitions.

Mr. Setalvad and Sir Bhalchandra seconded the motion, which was agreed to.

SANITARY ENGINEERING.

Mr. N. A. F. Moos proposed, as recommended by the Syndicate, that "Sanitary Engineering" be introduced as one of the optional subjects for the L. C. E. Examination. He said that in submitting the proposition he did not think any special pleading was necessary to commend it to the Senate, as the importance of the subject and its utility to the engineering students could hardly be denied or doubted. Sanitary engineering, like electric engineering, was growing in importance from year to year and its study had lately developed to so remarkable an extent that each might be said to have now become an independent and distinct branch of the science. Most of the Universities of Great Britain had accepted the importance of the subject and had established separate degrees for the same. The recommendation of the Syndicate before the meeting proposed merely to add "Sanitary Engineering" to the group of optional subjects prescribed for the L. C. E. Examination. He submitted that if Sanitary Engineering was added to the group in point of utility it would compare favourably with most of other subjects and its study would be much more advantageous to the student in his professional career as engineer than that of any other subject. The next point the Senate had to consider was if adequate provision had been made for the teaching of the subject. In that connection he might say that ample provision had been made in the Poona College of Science. The course of studies had been satisfactorily drawn up and carefully considered by Mr. Sprott, Principal of the Poona College of Science, and Dr. Turner, Health officer of Bombay, than whom there was no better expert on sanitation in this country.

Khan Bahadur M. C. Murzban seconded the proposition, which was carried.

TWO E. M. & S. EXAMINATIONS.

Lieutenant-Colonel H. P. Dimmock proposed that, as recommended by the Syndicate, the L. M. & S. Examination be held twice a year in Bombay, one examination commencing on the fourth Monday in June and the other on the fourth Monday in November. He said that the proposition had been the outcome of a considerable amount of deliberation carried on by some gentlemen who were interested in the career of students. It had been felt for a long time that the present regulation which confined the students to the final examination after a prolonged study of one year, if they should fail in the examination, was a great hardship to the many and especially to those who were almost at the end of their lether as regarded funds for the prosecution of their studies. It also meant a considerable delay in providing them with the means of livelihood. He knew that this body did not consider such subjects as these, however much they might bear upon the actual life of the individual. But he thought the concession that was proposed in his proposition, would really be of benefit to the men who appeared for the degree. It was well-known that the examination was a thorough one. It had been felt that very often a man who failed perhaps in one subject and it was really hardship on him to wait for his final examination for a full year before he could obtain his degree. Under the circumstances he asked the Senate to grant the concesion.

Dr. A. G. Viegas seconded the proposition, which was adopted.

FOUNDATION OF A PRIZE.

Khan Bahadur M. C. Murzban moved that as recommended by the Syndicate, the offer of Rs. 6,000 in 3 1-2 per cent. Government Paper from the Chairman of Sub-Committee appointed by the subscribers of Sir Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy, Third Baronet, Memorial Fund for the foundation of a Prize in the name of the late Sir Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy, Third Baronet, be accepted with the best thanks of the Senate and that the following regulations be adopted for awarding the Prize:—A prize to be called "The Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy, Third Baronet, Prize" of the value of Rs. 1,100 shall be awarded every tenth year to the best essay by a University student in accordance with the subjoined conditions. (2.) Competitors shall be graduates or undergraduates or members of any University. (3.) The subject of the essay shall be Iranian. It may be on all matters appertaining to ancient Iran, such as its history, literature, science, art, religion, &c. It may be the translation of an hitherto untranslated Avesta, Pahlavi, Cuneiform or Persian book or inscriptions, gems, jewels, &c., of general Iranian interest, or the preparation of an edition—collated or uncollated—of an unpublished manuscript. (4.) The subject shall be selected and notified by the Syndicate not less than eighteen months before the day for sending in the essay. (5.) Each Essay shall be written in English and sent to the University Registrar on or before the 1st of July. Each essay shall be signed by the writer and shall be accompanied by a statement giving his University standing, if any, his post, office address, and a declaration that the essay sent in by him is bona fide his own composition. (6.) The Judges shall be two in number and shall be nominated by the Syndicate. Their decision shall be announced on the fourth Monday in November. The honorarium for each Judge shall be ten guineas.

Dr. Cawasji Hormusji seconded the proposition.

Professor O. V. Muller moved an amendment that the matter be referred back to the Syndicate for reconsideration. He said that he deeply sympathised with the object of the prize and he was glad to see that attempts were made to encourage original research in historical and semi-historical directions. But he could not help thinking that though the regulations were very carefully drawn up, in one particular, they defeated their own object. Under the third regulation an excellent scope was given to the candidates for the selection of any of the branches of the Iranian literature for their special study and research. But in the next regulation power was given to the Syndicate to select a subject for the prize. Now if that were done, the subject selected might not perhaps suit certain students who might have been carrying on their researches in the directions other than the one selected by the Syndicate. He thought they should follow the rules adopted by the Cambridge University with regard to the Prince Consort Prize, in which the candidates had the option of writing essays on their own favourite subjects with the previous sanction of the Syndicate. In order to enable the Syndicate to modify the rules, he had moved the amendment.

Mr. Rustom K. R. Cama seconded the amendment. He said that the interval of ten years to give the prize was very long and ought to be shortened. If the object was to give a large sum of money, the donor ought to give a larger sum to the University. The next point which Mr. Cama urged against the motion was that the prize should confine to the members of the Bombay University or at least the members of the Indian Universities only. Under the Incorporated Act, the Bombay University was founded to encourage learning among the British Indian subjects and he did not know why the prize should go to competitors of the foreign universities.

Shams-ul-Ulma J. J. Mody in opposing the amendment said they all knew well that the Syndicate would take expert advice before deciding upon a subject for the prize. There was therefore no apprehension on that account. As to the graduates of foreign Universities competing for the prize, he said that the Act did not prevent them from granting such privileges to outsiders. They knew that European and American students had better opportunities for making researches in the Iranian literature than the Indian students. He thought that by inviting them to compete for the prize, they would establish a bond of mutual help between Universities of India and those of Europe and America.

On the amendment being put to the vote, it was lost, while the original proposition was carried by a large majority.

LONDON AND GLOBE DISCLOSURES

THE EXPECTED OFFICIAL STATEMENT.

PRESS CALLS—DIRECTORS' SHARES.

We are able, says the "Westminster" to publish extract from the eagerly-anticipated "Observations" of Mr. Barnes, the Official Receiver, on the London and Globe case. This printed statement is, as a whole, scarcely as interesting perhaps as the verbal statement recently made by Mr. Barnes—it forms the text coldly set forth, upon which the speech was a commentary. More interesting than either, probably, will be the public examination of the directors, including Mr. Whitaker Wright. However, the printed statement as will be seen from these extracts, contains something that is new especially the information as to the "Press calls" and as to the directors' qualification shares, information which was promised in the speech. It will be seen regarding the Press calls, that Mr. Barnes naturally enough, does not consider his information up to date; he is still inquiring and doubtless the public will shortly have the result of his further inquiry. Here are the extracts:

ABOUT THE LE ROI RIG: LORD DUFFERIN'S ATTITUDE.

After describing the rig in Le Roi No. 2 shares, the report goes on to say: "On the rise in price, Mr. Whitaker Wright sold, through the London and Globe, for about £75,000, 5,000 Le Roi No. 2 shares, which he had acquired by subscription on the issue of the company, thereby realising a profit of about £50,000. The £75,000 was received by the London and Globe, and Mr. Whitaker Wright, the Official Receiver is informed, received from the London and Globe in return 80,000 Victorian Gold Estates £1 shares. One of the other directors (Mr. Leman) sold an allotment of twenty shares. The directors assure the Official Receiver that they purchased no shares, and made no personal profit, other than that mentioned. The Official Receiver, however, has ascertained that Mr. Whitaker Wright purchased 1,000 Le Roi No. 2 shares in the name of Mr. Leman for Lord Dufferin, and subsequently, sold them at a profit of £14,369. Lord Dufferin has told the Official Receiver that both purchase and sale were made without his knowledge or assent, and that the profit is consequently not his property. The whole of the £14,369 was received by the London and Globe."

THE ACTION FOR A MILLION STERLING.

At the date of the order for compulsory winding up, numerous actions which had been commenced by the voluntary liquidators were pending. The most important of these is an action against Basil Montgomery and Co., Williams de Broe and Co., Murray Griffith and Co., Lack and Allcard, Charles Edward Tomlin and Co., Arthur H. Young, of the firm of Goldsmid and Co., and Herbert A. Trower, claiming on behalf of the London and Globe £1,000,000 damages for breach of contract, and a declaration by the Court that the London and Globe and the defendants were co-adventurers and partners in the purchase of Lake View shares. Under the advice of counsel this action is being continued by the Official Receiver.

DIRECTORS WHO RECEIVED QUALIFICATION SHARES.

The London and Globe, the report states, presented the following qualification shares to directors of companies which it promoted or in which it was financially interested:

Name of Director.	Name of Company	Number of shares presented.	Normal value of same.
Lord Donoughmore	Ivanhoe Gold Corporation	50	£250
Mr Sinclair Maclea	Ivanhoe Gold Corporation	50	250
Mr Tyndale White	Ivanhoe Gold Corporation	50	250
Mr A B Dealtry	Ivanhoe Gold Corporation	50	250
Lord Warwick	Victorian Gold Estates, as Chairman	500	500
Mr A C Bicknell	Victorian Gold Estates as Chairman	200	200
Mr Tyndale White	Victorian Gold Estates as Chairman	200	200
Mr H W Pelham-Clinton	Victorian Gold Estates, as Chairman	200	200
Mr C S Pelham-Clinton	Hannans Golden Dream	200	200
Col W Hughes Hallett	Hannans Golden Dream	200	200
Maj H Slane Fleming	Hannans Golden Dream	200	200
Do.	Duke Gold Mines	200	200
Maj H W Pelham-Clinton	Duke Gold Mines	200	200
Lieut-Col E C G Hartopp	Duke Gold Mines	200	200
Lord Dunmore	International Corporation	200	*200
Mr G Allan	International Corporation	200	200
Lord Dunmore	International Nickel Corporation	200	*200
Mr G Allan	International Nickel Corporation	200	200
Lord Dunmore	International Copper Corporation	200	*200
Mr G Allan	International Copper Corporation	200	200
Lord Dunmore	Fernhill Gold Mines	200	*200
Mr G Allan	Fernhill Gold Mines	200	200
Lieut-Col E C C Hartopp	International Mining Corporation	200	200
Maj H Slane Fleming	International Mining Corporation	200	200

* Subsequently repurchased by London and Globe for £200.

A ship subsequently inserted in the report says that "Lord Dunmore has informed the Official Receiver since these observations were printed that he paid in full for the 300 qualification shares placed against his name in the list."

CALLS GIVEN TO REPRESENTATIVES OF THE PRESS.

On September 10, 1897, says the report, the London and Globe gave to unnamed representatives of the Press the call of 3,050 Lake View shares at £8 per share, the market price of the shares being at that time £8 10s. The call was exercised to the extent of 2,400 shares, the transactions in each case being effected through brokers.

The remaining 650 shares were "repurchased" by the London and Globe for £6,981 5s., being £1,781 5s. in excess of the call price, and, according to the company's books, this amount was paid as under:

1897		
Oct. 7	To G. B. Baker	£750 0 0
" 12	To E. T. Powell	263 15 0
" 28	To J. W. Clarke	812 10 0
Nov. 5	To E. T. Powell	150 0 0
		£1,781 5 0

The total difference between the call price and the market or sale price of these shares amounted in the aggregate to £10,402 10s.

On October 25, 1897, the London and Globe gave to unnamed representatives of the Press a similar call upon 3,400 Ivanhoe Gold Corporation shares at £5 per share, the market price being then £6 3-8. The call was exercised to the extent of 3,050 shares; the transactions, as before, being effected through brokers.

The remaining 350 shares were "repurchased" by the London and Globe for £2,318 15s. being £568 15s. in excess of the call price. According to the company's books this amount was paid as under:

Nov. 5, 1897	To G. B. Baker	£[illegible]
Do.	To J. M. Coward	182 [illegible]
		£568 15 0

The total difference between the call price and the market or sale price of these shares amounted in the aggregate to £1,803 15s.

MORE DISCLOSURES TO FOLLOW.

The above, continues the report, comprises all the information disclosed in the company's books in regard to these "Press Calls," but the Official Receiver does not believe that the practice was discontinued in 1897, and is prosecuting his inquiries.

THE ORGAN OF THE GROUP.

The London and Globe, sometimes by itself and sometimes in conjunction with the British America Corporation or Standard Company, paid for the cost of producing the "Colonial Goldfields Gazette," which, Mr. Worters states, was edited by Francis Hart. This Francis Hart became indebted to the London and Globe in 1897 for £200, and has remained indebted to the London and Globe since that date for that and a further advance of £200.

The Chief Commissioner of Assam left Gauhati for Jorhat on Wednesday, and tours during the remainder of the month in the districts of Sylhet and Lakhimpur. During February he will visit Dibrugarh, Margherita, Tezpur, Mangaldai, and return to Gauhati about the 20th of February. He will halt at Gauhati for about four days, and finally arrive at Shillong on the 25th of February. Mr. Cotton has been granted 5 1-2 months' furlough from the beginning of May. This will carry him to the end of his 35 years' service. Regarding his successor nothing is yet known. Mr. J. B. Fuller officiated in Assam on a previous occasion, so presumably he is the most likely man.

VALUABLE DISCOVERY FOR THE HAIR.—If your hair is turning grey or white or falling off, use "The Mexican Hair Renewer," for it "will positively, restore in every case Grey or White hair" to its original colour, without leaving the disagreeable smell of most "Restorers." It makes the hair charmingly beautiful, as well as promoting the growth of the hair on bald spots, where the glands are not decayed. Ask your Chemist for "The Mexican Hair Renewer," sold by Chemists and Perfumers everywhere. Wholesale Depot, 33 Farringdon Road, London, England.

HERE, THERE, AND EVERYWHERE.

"When a man has a birthday," says a male philosopher, "he takes a day off. When a woman has one she takes a couple of years off."

"I think you will suit," said the mistress; "how about a reference?" "That's all right, mum," answered the hired woman, affably, "I loike yer looks. Never moind a riference."

"It is true," said the person of high ideals, "that you have attained prosperity by your writings. But you have produced nothing that will live." "Well, answered the comfortable litterateur, "when it comes to a question of which shall live, myself or my writings, I don't hesitate to sacrifice my writings."—"Wellington Star."

The oldest Indian squaw in the United States died lately in the Winnebago Indian camp, Barrons Island, aged 128. She was buried with customary ceremonies in the presence of a large number of chiefs from all parts of the North-west. She was the mother of Red Snake and John Sherman, two of the best known chiefs in the Black River country.

Veterinary specialists are much perplexed about the case of a camel which has developed gastritis. Camels, however, are the proud possessors of no fewer than seven stomachs apiece, and the difficulty is to know which to treat. The misfortunes of a giraffe when suffering from a sore throat have often afforded food for reflection, but a camel with gastritis goes a step further

ECHOES OF SCIENCE.

The Slaby-Arco system of wireless telegraphy is now "syntonic," as Marconi calls it, or "selective," as Dr. Slaby has it, that is to say, it is tuned so that different instruments and operators at the same station can send and receive different messages without their interfering with one another. Such an improvement was, of course, required for civilised countries, at least, and for long distance work. The Slaby-Arco system was recently tried before the German Emperor, sending and receiving different messages, and the fact has given it an impetus in Germany. It only covers 12 or 15 miles at present.

Professor Slaby assisted at some of Marconi's experiments in 1897, we believe, and seems to have profited by them, for his apparatus runs on the same lines as a whole. He has, besides, taken advantage of the Hughes, experiments of 1879 and onwards, unfortunately withheld from publication too long owing to adverse criticism. Hughes had actually discovered the wireless telegraph in 1879, and it is, we think, a pity that other inventors (excepting Marconi, by the way) do not acknowledge his de facto priority in speaking and writing on the subject. Such a course may seem to them a detraction from their own merit, but is not so, for the work of Hughes was not published before they also invented their systems, and in time justice will be done to all. The Slaby-Arco system has two varieties. One employs a "coherer" which requires tapping to adjust it, a relay, and a Morse instrument to mark the signals of the message, as in the Marconi apparatus. The other uses a microphone, which requires no tapping, and a telephone, in short, the arrangement of Hughes, adopted since its publication. The latter is best for military or field work. Tall masts, which are troublesome, are superseded by kites or hydrogen bags to carry up the exposed conductors, or lentenna, and this is also the best plan for military use.

In a paper to the Societe Francaise de Physique, MM. Trouve and Dr. Foveau de Courmelles describe their apparatus for sifting the rays of an electric lamp into light, heat, and chemical rays, and the application of the rays in therapeutics. Ultro-violet rays were found at the Hospital Saint Louis to have a good effect in cases of lupus epithelioma and tuberculosis. An arc lamp of 10 amperes used for ten minutes at a time was found as efficacious as one of 75 to 80 amperes used for 80 minutes, according to the Finsen method.

According to the Farben Zeitung minium is a good non-conductor of electricity, and a mixture of it with linseed oil permitted to oxidise in air yields an insulating gum capable of taking the place of gutta percha for overhead electric wires. The resistance of a cubic centimetre is 100,000 megohms. The minium also protects wires from acid vapours. It is proposed to use it for jointing gas pipes in houses, so that if an electric wire touches them, the current will not find its way to earth.

It is known that vegetables fix the nitrogen of the atmosphere by means of the nodosities of their roots, which contain bacteria. Therefore, it is a question whether some soils are not better for vegetables than others because they contain such bacteria. MM. Deherain and Demoussy have tried experiments with truffles grown in different soils, and find that a soil rich in the bacteria is necessary for their successful cultivation.

A discovery of Professor Dumont, communicated to the Academie des Sciences, may have important consequences for agriculture in reclaiming peaty soils, for example, in Ireland and Scotland. He finds that in treating turf land with carbonate of potassium organic nitrogen is transformed into ammoniacal nitrogen, and the turfy soil is rendered fertile.

The exhibition of automobiles in the Grand Palais, Paris, just over contained a colossal statue of Vercingetorix on his charger in battle, the work of Bartholdig but the novel feature of it was the means of transport, namely, an automobile trolley. The statue of the Gaulish hero has travelled to Clermont Ferrand on the trolley, where it is to be erected. The automobile trolley is considered a great advantage over the older plan of horse trolleys.

Dr. A. F. A. King, in a paper to the Philosophical Society of Washington, maintains that sunlight promotes malaria fever. "Chills" do not occur at night. races with non-translucent skins are immune sunshine increases the fever, cloudiness decreases it, the shade of hospitals effects a cure. The red light of the blood enhances the vitality of the parasite blue diminishes it. Hence the cure for malaria by Prussian and methylene blues. The efficacy of quinine, he thinks, is due to its fluorescence accentuating the blue or violet rays. His paper will appear in the American Journal of Medical Sciences.

A novelty in the propulsion of vessels has been introduced by Mr. H. C. Vogt, member of the Institution of Danish Engineers, Copenhagen. It replaces the screw propeller at the stern of the ship or launch, and is in brief an oscillatory rudder on a ball and socked joint. Not only does it propel the ship to and fro, but it steers and manœuvres her. The "pendulum propeller," as it is called, at present requires a somewhat heavy engine for its power, but if the difficulty of weight is overcome, it is expected to rival the screw.

The Shell Transport and Trading Company of London have a steamer plying between England and Borneo driven by liquid fuel. The petroleum is supplied at a chain of stations on the way. A vessel of 3,500 tons using the oil needs only three firemen, as against 18 or 20 for coal. The fuel is cleanly, nearly smokeless, and as the feeding of the furnaces is automatic, one man serves for a watch. The heating power of the fuel is 60 to 100 times greater than that of ordinary coal, and the storage room is one-half. The fuel is a residue of crude petroleum, non-explosive, and like thin treacle in consistency.

A trip of several hundred miles down the Atlantic Coast of America is to be made by the Holland submarine boats. The United States Government have six of them on the stocks, the "Pike," "Adder," "Moccasion," "Porpoise," "Grampus," and "Shark."

The Hewitt mercury-vapour electric lamp, patented in America, is a glass tube or bulb with an alternating current sent through it between an electrode of mercury and a solid electrode. The mercurial vapour in the tube emits the light.

The Hecla, purchased for the Scottish [illegible] Expedition, is a Norwegian whaler built of [illegible] and will be ready for a trial in August. The [illegible] of exploration is the Weddell Sea, an almost [illegible] region between the sphere of operations marked [illegible] German and Swedish vessels. The expedition, under Mr. W. S. Bruce, will be gone a year, and all the funds have been provided by Scotsmen exclusively.

The "Stock-keeper" draws attention to the importance of taking and preserving good photographs of the modern breeds of dogs and other domesticated animals. They should be taken from above as well as from the front and sides.

It is a sign of the growning tendency in all great centres of population to place all the means of transportation underground, because there is no room for them above, that the Pennsylvania Railroad Company have decided to connect their lines in New Jersey and Long Island with New York by tunnels, not bridges.

The Library of the Patent Office, after a temporary lodgment in Bishop's-court, is removing to the new Patent Office buildings opposite the Birkbeck Bank. They are quite handsome, and worthy of such an important institution. The ground floor of the library is devoted to British patents and scientific books and journals, the second floor to foreign patents and bound volumes of scientific periodicals, the upper floor to miscellaneous documents. The old administration, which is happily free from the official formalities of some foreign libraries, will be continued, and the librarian Mr. Hulme, with Mr. Hayward, Mr. Collins, and others may be trusted to give their obliging assistance as before.

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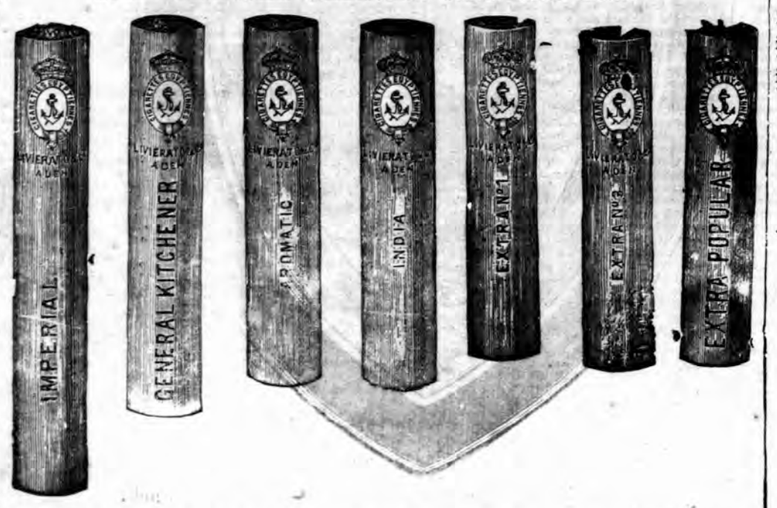

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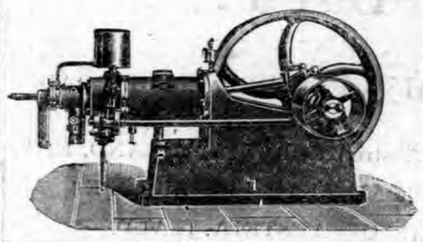

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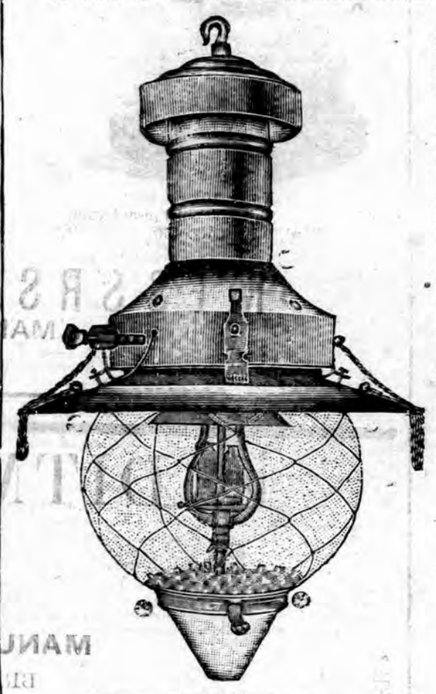

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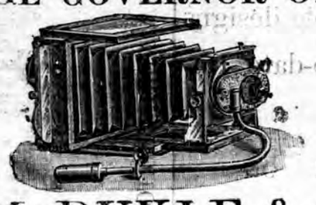

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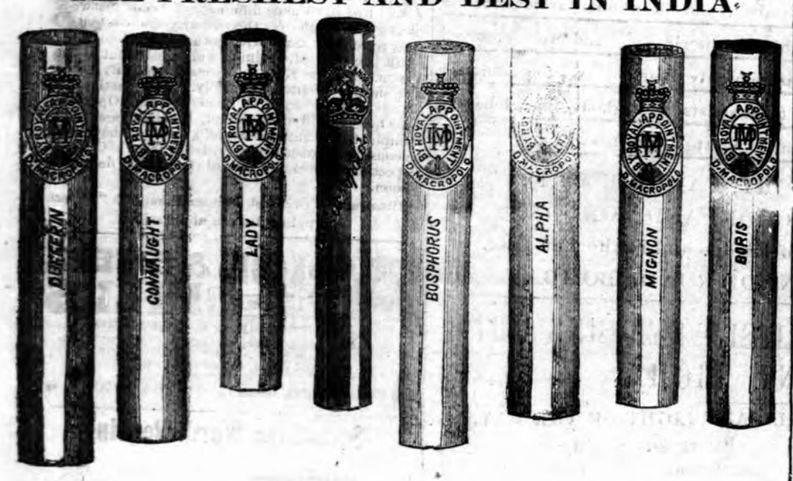

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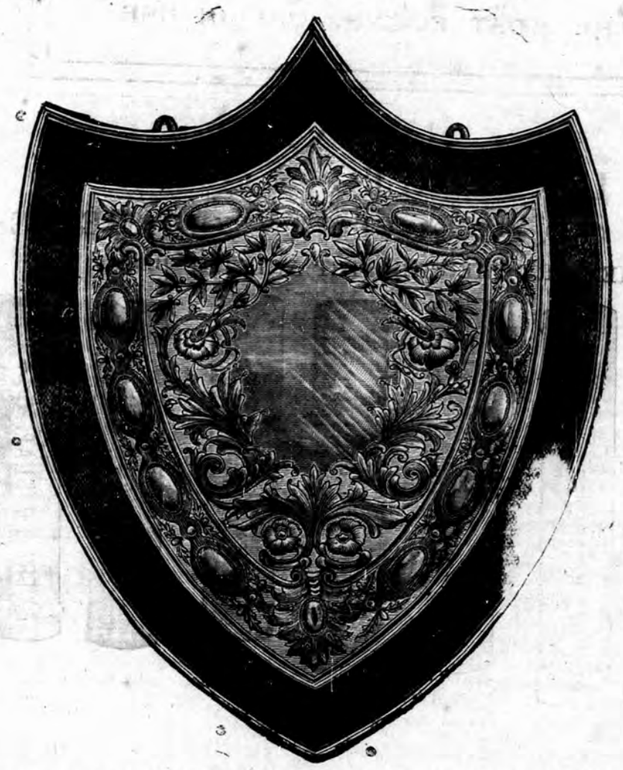

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